

RL78/G16 RENESAS MCU

R01DS0431EJ0100 Rev.1.00 Apr 28, 2023

True low-power platform, 61- μ A/MHz operating current, $T_A = 125^{\circ}$ C operation, from 10 to 32 pins, 16 to 32 KB code flash memory, 2 KB RAM, Capacitive touch sensing unit, 2.4 to 5.5 V

1. OUTLINE

1.1 Features

Low power consumption technology

- V_{DD} = single power supply voltage of 2.4 to 5.5 V
- HALT mode
- STOP mode

RL78 CPU core

- CISC architecture with 3-stage pipeline
- Minimum instruction execution time: Can be changed from high speed (0.0625 μs: @ 16 MHz operation with high-speed on-chip oscillator) to ultra-low speed (30.5 μs: @ 32.768 kHz operation with subsystem clock)
- Address space: 1 MB
- General-purpose registers: (8-bit register x 8) x 4 banks
- On-chip RAM: 2 KB

Code flash memory

- Code flash memory: 16 to 32 KB
- Block size: 1 KB
- Only write after erase is possible
- On-chip debug function
- Self-programming (with no boot swap function/flash shield window function)

Data flash memory

- Data flash memory: 1 KB
- Block size: 512 B
- Unit of rewrites: 32 bits
- Background operation (BGO) is not supported (instructions cannot be executed from the code flash memory while rewriting the data flash memory)
- Number of rewrites: 1,000,000 times (TYP.)
- Voltage of rewrites: V_{DD} = 2.4 to 5.5 V

High-speed on-chip oscillator

- Select from 16 MHz, 8 MHz, 4 MHz, 2 MHz, and 1 MHz
- Frequency accuracy ±1.0%
 (V_{DD} = 2.4 to 5.5 V, T_A = −20 to +85°C)
 (G: Industrial applications, M: Industrial applications)
- Frequency accuracy ±1.5%
 (V_{DD} = 2.4 to 5.5 V, T_A = −40 to −20°C)
 (G: Industrial applications, M: Industrial applications)
- Frequency accuracy ±2.0%
 (V_{DD} = 2.4 to 5.5 V, T_A = +85 to +125°C)
 (G: Industrial applications, M: Industrial applications)
- Frequency accuracy ±2.0%
 (V_{DD} = 2.4 to 5.5 V, T_A = −40 to +85°C)
 (A: Consumer applications)

Operating ambient temperature

- $T_A = -40 \text{ to } +85^{\circ}\text{C}$ (A: Consumer applications)
- $T_A = -40 \text{ to } +105^{\circ}\text{C}$ (G: Industrial applications)
- $T_A = -40 \text{ to } +125^{\circ}\text{C}$ (M: Industrial applications)

Power management and reset function

 On-chip selectable power-on-reset (SPOR) circuit (Select reset from 3 levels, stop setting is available)

Serial interface

Simplified SPI (CSI^{Note 1}): 1 to 3 channels
 UART: 1 to 3 channel
 Simplified I²C: 1 to 3 channels
 I²C: 1 channel

Note 1. Although the CSI function is generally called SPI, it is also called CSI in this product, so it is referred to as such in this manual.

Timer

16-bit timer: 8 channels12-bit interval timer: 1 channel

Watchdog timer: 1 channel (operable with the

dedicated low-speed on-chip

oscillator)

• Real-time clock 2: 1 channel (99-year calendar,

alarm function, and clock correction function)

A/D converter

• 8/10-bit resolution A/D converter (V_{DD} = 2.4 to 5.5 V)

Analog input: 4 to 11 channels

 Internal reference voltage (0.815 V (TYP.)), temperature sensor, and touch TSCAP voltage selection

Comparator

• 1 to 2 channels

• Operation mode: High-speed mode, low-speed mode

 External reference voltage or internal reference voltage can be selected as the reference voltage.

Capacitive touch sensing unit (CTSUb)

• 15 channels

 Self-capacitance method: A single pin configures a single key, supporting up to 15 keys

 Mutual capacitance method: Matrix configuration with 15 pins, supporting up to 56 keys

I/O port

 I/O port: 8 to 30 (N-ch open drain I/O [withstand voltage of 6 V]: 0 to 2)

Can be set to N-ch open drain and on-chip pull-up resistor

External interrupt function: 10 channels

On-chip clock output/buzzer output controller

Others

On-chip BCD (binary-coded decimal) correction circuit

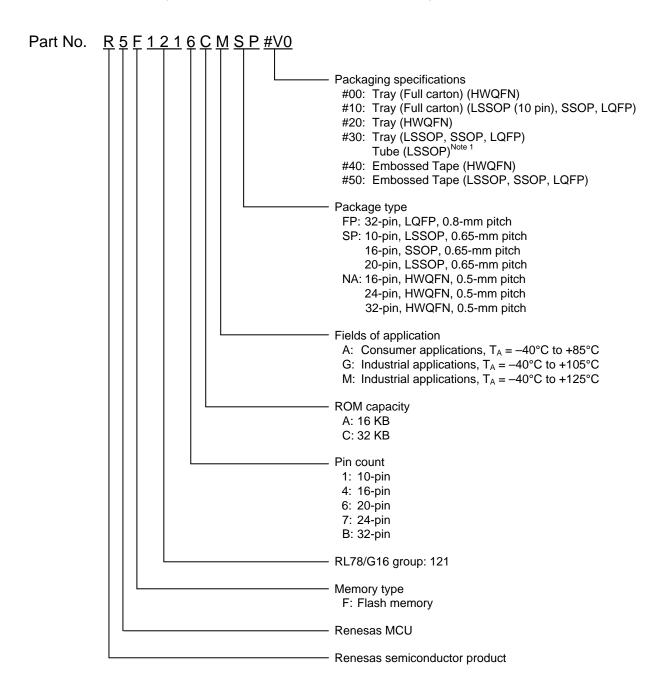
Remark The functions mounted depend on the product. See **1.6 Outline of Functions**.

ROM, RAM capacities

Flash ROM	Data flash	RAM			RL78/G16		
			10 pins	16 pins	20 pins	24 pins	32 pins
32 KB	1 KB	2 KB	R5F1211C	R5F1214C	R5F1216C	R5F1217C	R5F121BC
16 KB	1 KB	2 KB	R5F1211A	R5F1214A	R5F1216A	R5F1217A	R5F121BA

1.2 List of Part Numbers

Figure 1-1. Part Number, Memory Size, and Package of RL78/G16



Note 1. For the 20-pin LSSOP products only, the packaging specification is Tube.

Table 1-1. List of Ordering Part Numbers

Pin count	Package	Fields of Ordering Part Number		er	RENESAS Code
		Application Note 1	Product Name	Packaging Specifications	
10 pins	10-pin plastic LSSOP	А	R5F1211CASP, R5F1211AASP	#10, #30, #50	PLSP0010JA-A
	(4.4 × 3.6 mm, 0.65-mm pitch)	G	R5F1211CGSP, R5F1211AGSP		
		М	R5F1211CMSP, R5F1211AMSP		
16 pins	16-pin plastic SSOP	А	R5F1214CASP, R5F1214AASP	#10, #30, #50	PRSP0016JC-B
	(4.4 × 5.0 mm, 0.65-mm pitch)	G	R5F1214CGSP, R5F1214AGSP		
		М	R5F1214CMSP, R5F1214AMSP		
16 pins	16-pin plastic HWQFN	А	R5F1214CANA, R5F1214AANA	#00, #20, #40	PWQN0016KD-A
	(3 x 3 mm, 0.5-mm pitch)	G	R5F1214CGNA, R5F1214AGNA		
		М	R5F1214CMNA, R5F1214AMNA		
20 pins	20-pin plastic LSSOP	А	R5F1216CASP, R5F1216AASP	#30, #50	PLSP0020JB-A
	(4.4 × 6.5 mm, 0.65-mm pitch)	G	R5F1216CGSP, R5F1216AGSP		
		М	R5F1216CMSP, R5F1216AMSP		
24 pins	24-pin plastic HWQFN	А	R5F1217CANA, R5F1217AANA	#00, #20, #40	PWQN0024KF-A
	(4.0 × 4.0 mm, 0.5-mm pitch)	G	R5F1217CGNA, R5F1217AGNA		
		М	R5F1217CMNA, R5F1217AMNA		
32 pins	32-pin plastic HWQFN	А	R5F121BCANA, R5F121BAANA	#00, #20, #40	PWQN0032KE-A
	(5.0 × 5.0 mm, 0.5-mm pitch)	G	R5F121BCGNA, R5F121BAGNA		
		М	R5F121BCMNA, R5F121BAMNA		
32 pins	32-pin plastic LQFP	А	R5F121BCAFP, R5F121BAAFP	#10, #30, #50	PLQP0032GB-A
	(7.0 × 7.0 mm, 0.8-mm pitch)	G	R5F121BCGFP, R5F121BAGFP		
		М	R5F121BCMFP, R5F121BAMFP		

Note 1. For the fields of application, refer to Figure 1-1 Part Number, Memory Size, and Package of RL78/G16.

Caution The ordering part numbers represent the numbers at the time of publication. For the latest ordering part numbers, refer to the target product page of the Renesas Electronics website.

1.3 Pin Configuration (Top View)

1.3.1 10-pin products

• 10-pin plastic LSSOP (4.4 × 3.6 mm, 0.65-mm pitch)

P40/TOOL0/INTP2/(PCLBUZ0)/(TI01/TO01)	1		10	P04/ANI3/IVREF0/INTP3/TS04/SDAA0/(TI01/TO01)
P125/RESET/INTP1/(VCOUT0)/(INTP0)	2	DI 70/040	9	P03/ANI2/IVCMP0/INTP4/TS03/TO00/SCLA0/(TI00)
P137/INTP0/TI00	3	RL78/G16	8	P02/PCLBUZ0/ANI1/VCOUT0/INTP7/TSCAP/TI01/TO01/SCK00/SCL00
V _{SS}	4	(Top View)	7	P01/TOOLRxD/ANI0/INTP5/TS00/TI02/TO02/SI00/RxD0/SDA00/(TI01/TO01)/(SDAA0)
V _{DD}	5		6	P00/TOOLTxD/INTP6/SO00/TxD0/(TI02/TO02)/(SCLA0)

Table 1-2. Multiplexed Functions of 10-pin Products

Pin No.	I/O		Ana	alog	HI	MI	Timer	Communicati	ons Interface
10LSSOP	Digital port	Power supply, system, clock, debug	A/D converter	Comparator	Interrupt function	Capacitive touch sensing unit (CTSU)	Timer array unit	Serial array unit	Serial interface IICA
1	P40	TOOL0 (PCLBUZ0)		1	INTP2		(TI01/TO01)	I	_
2	P125	RESET	_	(VCOUT0)	INTP1 (INTP0)	_	_	_	_
3	P137	_	_	_	INTP0	_	TI00	_	_
4	_	Vss	_		_	_	_	_	_
5	_	V_{DD}	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
6	P00	TOOLTxD	1		INTP6	1	(TI02/TO02)	SO00/TxD0	(SCLA0)
7	P01	TOOLRxD	ANI0		INTP5	TS00	TI02/TO02 (TI01/TO01)	SI00/RxD0/ SDA00	(SDAA0)
8	P02	PCLBUZ0	ANI1	VCOUT0	INTP7	TSCAP	TI01/TO01	SCK00/SCL00	_
9	P03	_	ANI2	IVCMP0	INTP4	TS03	TO00 (TI00)	_	SCLA0
10	P04		ANI3	IVREF0	INTP3	TS04	(TI01/TO01)		SDAA0

- Remark 1. For pin identification, see 1.4 Pin Identification.
- Remark 2. Functions in parentheses can be assigned via settings in the peripheral I/O redirection register (PIOR).

 Refer to Figure 4-6 Format of Peripheral I/O Redirection Registers 0 to 6 (PIOR0 to PIOR6) in the RL78/G16 User's Manual.

1.3.2 16-pin products

• 16-pin plastic SSOP (4.4 × 5.0 mm, 0.65-mm pitch)

P41/RTC1HZ/TS13/T103/T003/(INTP3)/(INTP4)/(T102/T002)/ (VCOUT0)/(VCOUT1) P40/TOOL0/INTP2/(PCLBUZ0)/(T101/T001) P125/RESET/INTP1/(VCOUT0)/(VCOUT1)/(INTP0) P137/INTP0/T100	1 2 3 4	RL78/G16	16 15 14 13	P07/ANI6/VCOUT1/TS07/Ti04/TO04/SCK11/SCL11/SDAA0/(INTP5)/(TO03) P06/ANI5/IVREF1/TS06/SI11/SDA11/SCLA0/(PCLBUZ0)/(INTP7)/(TI03/TO03)/ (SCK00/SCL00) P05/ANI4/IVCMP1/TS05/SO11/(INTP6)/(TI02/TO02)/(TI07/TO07)/(SCK00/SCL00)/(SI00/RxD0/SDA00) P04/ANI3/IVREF0/INTP3/TS04/TI06/TO06/TxD1/(TI01/TO01)/(SI00/RxD0/SDA00)/(SO00/TxD0)
P122/X2/XT2/EXCLK/EXCLKS/TI05/TO05/(INTP2)	5	(Top View)	12	P03/ANI2/IVCMP0/INTP4/TS03/TO00/RxD1/(TI00)/(TI05/TO05)/(SO00/TxD0)
P121/X1/XT1/TI07/TO07/(INTP3)/(INTP4)/(INTP5)	6		11	P02/PCLBUZ0/ANI1/VCOUT0/INTP7/TSCAP/TI01/TO01/SCK00/SCL00/(TI02/TO02)/(SO11)
Vss	7		10	P01/TOOLRxD/ANI0/INTP5/TS00/TI02/TO02/SI00/RxD0/SDA00/(TI01/TO01)/(SI11/SDA11)/(SDAA0)
V_{DD}	8		9	P00/TOOLTxD/INTP6/SO00/TxD0/(RTC1HZ)/(TI02/TO02)/(SCK11/SCL11)/(SCLA0)

• 16-pin plastic HWQFN (3 × 3 mm, 0.5-mm pitch)

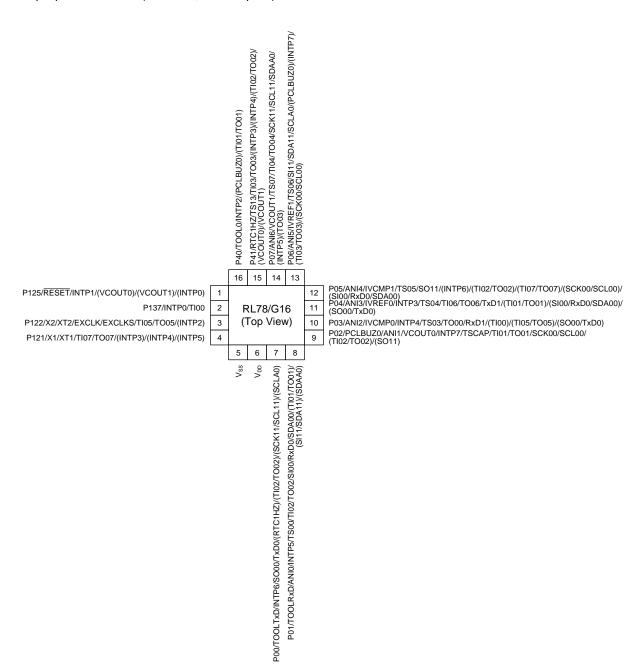


Table 1-3. Multiplexed Functions of 16-pin Products

Pin	No.	I/O		Ana	alog	HI	MI	Timer	Communicati	ons Interface
16SSOP	16HWQFN	Digital port	Power supply, system, clock, debug	A/D converter	Comparator	Interrupt function	Capacitive touch sensing unit (CTSU)	Timer array unit	Serial array unit	Serial interface IICA
1	15	P41	RTC1HZ	_	(VCOUT0) (VCOUT1)	(INTP3) (INTP4)	TS13	TI03/TO03 (TI02/TO02)	_	_
2	16	P40	TOOL0 (PCLBUZ0)	_	_	INTP2	_	(TI01/TO01)	_	_
3	1	P125	RESET	ı	(VCOUT0) (VCOUT1)	INTP1 (INTP0)	ı	_	_	_
4	2	P137	INTP0	_	_	_	_	TI00	_	_
5	3	P122	X2/XT2/ EXCLK/ EXCLKS	I	I	(INTP2)	I	TI05/TO05	_	_
6	4	P121	X1/XT1	I	I	(INTP3) (INTP4) (INTP5)	I	TI07/TO07	_	_
7	5	_	V_{SS}	-	-	_	-	_	_	_
8	6	_	V_{DD}	_	_	_	-	_	_	_
9	7	P00	TOOLTxD (RTC1HZ)	I	I	INTP6	ı	(TI02/TO02)	SO00/TxD0 (SCK11/SCL11)	(SCLA0)
10	8	P01	TOOLRxD	ANIO	I	INTP5	TS00	TI02/TO02 (TI01/TO01)	SI00/RxD0/ SDA00 (SI11/SDA11)	(SDAA0)
11	9	P02	PCLBUZ0	ANI1	VCOUT0	INTP7	TSCAP	TI01/TO01 (TI02/TO02)	SCK00/SCL00 (SO11)	_
12	10	P03	I	ANI2	IVCMP0	INTP4	TS03	TO00 (TI00) (TI05/TO05)	RxD1 (SO00/TxD0)	_
13	11	P04	1	ANI3	IVREF0	INTP3	TS04	TI06/TO06 (TI01/TO01)	TxD1 (SI00/RxD0/ SDA00) (SO00/TxD0)	_
14	12	P05	_	ANI4	IVCMP1	(INTP6)	TS05	(TI02/TO02) (TI07/TO07)	SO11 (SCK00/SCL00) (SI00/RxD0/ SDA00)	_
15	13	P06	(PCLBUZ0)	ANI5	IVREF1	(INTP7)	TS06	(TI03/TO03)	SI11/SDA11 (SCK00/SCL00)	SCLA0
16	14	P07	_	ANI6	VCOUT1	(INTP5)	TS07	TI04/TO04 (TO03)	SCK11/SCL11	SDAA0

Remark 1. For pin identification, see 1.4 Pin Identification.

Remark 2. Functions in parentheses can be assigned via settings in the peripheral I/O redirection register (PIOR).

Refer to Figure 4-6 Format of Peripheral I/O Redirection Registers 0 to 6 (PIOR0 to PIOR6) in the RL78/G16 User's Manual.

1.3.3 20-pin products

• 20-pin plastic SSOP (4.4 × 5.0 mm, 0.65-mm pitch)

P21/ANI9/TS10/SO20/TxD2/(INTP7)/(TO00)/(RxD1) P20/ANI10/TS11/SI20/RxD2/SDA20/(INTP1)/(TI00)/(T000)/(T103T003/) P41/RTC1HZ/TS13/TI03/T003/SCK20/SCL20/(VC0UT0)/(VC0UT1)/ (INTP3)/(INTP4)/(T102/T002)/(SO11)/(SDA11) P40/T00L0/INTP2/(PCLBUZ0)/(T101/T001) P125/RESET/INTP1/(VCOUT0)/(VCOUT1)/(INTP0)/(S111) P137/INTP0/TI00 P122/X2/XT2/EXCLK/EXCLKS/TI05/T005/(INTP2) P121/X1/XT1/TI07/T007/(INTP3)/(INTP4)/(INTP5) V _{SS}	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	DI =0/0.40	20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13	P22/ANI8/TS09/(INTP5)/(T106/TO06)/(SDA11) P23/ANI7/TS08/(INTP6)/(T104/TO04)/(SCL11) P07/ANI6/VCOUT1/TS07/TI04/TO04/SCK11/SCL11/SDAA0/(INTP5)/(TO03) P06/ANI5/IVREF1/TS06/SI11/SDA11/SCLA0/(PCLBUZ0)/(INTP7)/(T103/TO03)/(SCK00/SCL00) P05/ANI4/IVCMP1/TS05/SO11/(INTP6)/(T102/TO02)/(T107/TO07)/(SCK00/SCL00)/(S100/RxD0/SDA00) P04/ANI3/IVREF0/INTP3/TS04/T106/TO06/TxD1/(T101/TO01)/(S100/RxD0/SDA00)/(S000/TxD0) P03/ANI2/IVCMP0/INTP4/TS03/TO00/RxD1/(T100)/(T105/TO05)/(S000/TxD0) P02/PCLBUZ0/ANI1/VCOUT0/INTP7/TSCAP/T101/TO01/SCK00/SCL00/(T102/TO02)/(S011) P01/TOOLRXD/ANI0/INTP5/TS00/T102/TO02/S100/RxD0/SDA00/(T101/TO01)/(S111/SDA11)/(SDAA0)
V_{SS}	9		12	P01/TOOLRxD/ANI0/INTP5/TS00/TI02/TO02/SI00/RxD0/SDA00/(TI01/TO01)/(SI11/SDA11)/(SDAA0)
V_{DD}	10		11	P00/TOOLTxD/INTP6/SO00/TxD0/(RTC1HZ)/(TI02/TO02)/(SCK11/SCL11)/(SCLA0)

Table 1-4. Multiplexed Functions of 20-pin Products (1/2)

Pin No.	I/O		Ana	alog	H	MI	Timer	Communication	s Interface
20SSOP	Digital port	Power supply, system, clock, debug	A/D converter	Comparator	Interrupt function	Capacitive touch sensing unit (CTSU)	Timer array unit	Serial array unit	Serial interface IICA
1	P21		ANI9	I	(INTP7)	TS10	(TO00)	SO20/TxD2 (RxD1)	_
2	P20	ı	ANI10	I	(INTP1)	TS11	(TI00) (TO00) (TI03/TO03)	SI20/RxD2/SDA20 (SCK11/SCL11) (TxD1)	_
3	P41	RTC1HZ	ı	(VCOUT0) (VCOUT1)	(INTP3) (INTP4)	TS13	TI03/TO03 (TI02/TO02)	SCK20/SCL20 (SO11)/(SDA11)	_
4	P40	TOOL0 (PCLBUZ0)	_		INTP2	_	(TI01/TO01)	_	-
5	P125	RESET	_	(VCOUT0) (VCOUT1)	INTP1 (INTP0)	_	_	(SI11)	-
6	P137	_	_	_	INTP0	_	TI00	_	_
7	P122	X2/XT2 EXCLK/EXCLKS	_	_	(INTP2)	_	TI05/TO05	_	_
8	P121	X1/XT1	_	_	(INTP3) (INTP4) (INTP5)	_	TI07/TO07	_	_
9	_	Vss	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
10	_	V_{DD}	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
11	P00	TOOLTxD (RTC1HZ)	_	_	INTP6	_	(TI02/TO02)	SO00/TxD0 (SCK11/SCL11)	(SCLA0)
12	P01	TOOLRxD	ANI0		INTP5	TS00	TI02/TO02 (TI01/TO01)	SI00/RxD0/SDA00 (SI11/SDA11)	(SDAA0)
13	P02	PCLBUZ0	ANI1	VCOUT0	INTP7	TSCAP	TI01/TO01 (TI02/TO02)	SCK00/SCL00 (SO11)	_
14	P03	_	ANI2	IVCMP0	INTP4	TS03	TO00 (TI00) (TI05/TO05)	RxD1 (SO00/TxD0)	_
15	P04	_	ANI3	IVREF0	INTP3	TS04	TI06/TO06 (TI01/TO01)	TxD1 (SI00/RxD0/SDA00) (SO00/TxD0)	_
16	P05	_	ANI4	IVCMP1	(INTP6)	TS05	(TI02/TO02) (TI07/TO07)	SO11 (SCK00/SCL00) (SI00/RxD0/SDA00)	_

Table 1-4. Multiplexed Functions of 20-pin Products (2/2)

Pin No.	I/O		Ana	alog	Н	MI	Timer	Communication	s Interface
20SSOP	Digital port	Power supply, system, clock, debug	A/D converter	Comparator	Interrupt function	Capacitive touch sensing unit (CTSU)	Timer array unit	Serial array unit	Serial interface IICA
17	P06	(PCLBUZ0)	ANI5	IVREF1	(INTP7)	TS06	(TI03/TO03)	SI11/SDA11 (SCK00/SCL00)	SCLA0
18	P07	_	ANI6	VCOUT1	(INTP5)	TS07	TI04/TO04 (TO03)	SCK11/SCL11	SDAA0
19	P23	_	ANI7	_	(INTP6)	TS08	(TI04/TO04)	(SCL11)	_
20	P22	_	ANI8	_	(INTP5)	TS09	(TI06/TO06)	(SDA11)	_

- Remark 1. For pin identification, see 1.4 Pin Identification.
- Remark 2. Functions in parentheses can be assigned via settings in the peripheral I/O redirection register (PIOR).

 Refer to Figure 4-6 Format of Peripheral I/O Redirection Registers 0 to 6 (PIOR0 to PIOR6) in the RL78/G16 User's Manual.

1.3.4 24-pin products

• 24-pin plastic HWQFN (4 x 4 mm, 0.5-mm pitch)

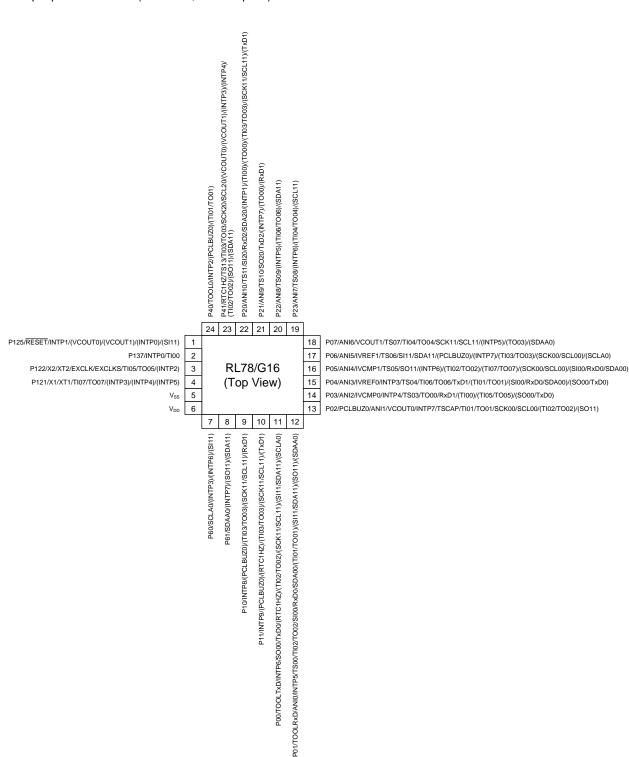


Table 1-5. Multiplexed Functions of 24-pin Products (1/2)

Pin No.	I/O		Ana	alog	Н	MI	Timer	Communication	s Interface
20SSOP	Digital port	Power supply, system, clock, debug	A/D converter	Comparator	Interrupt function	Capacitive touch sensing unit (CTSU)	Timer array unit	Serial array unit	Serial interface IICA
1	P125	RESET	_	(VCOUT0) (VCOUT1)	INTP1 (INTP0)	_	_	(SI11)	_
2	P137	_	_	_	INTP0	_	TI00	_	_
3	P122	X2/XT2 EXCLK/EXCLKS	_	_	(INTP2)	_	TI05/TO05	_	_
4	P121	X1/XT1	_	_	(INTP3) (INTP4) (INTP5)	_	TI07/TO07	_	_
5	_	Vss		_	_	_	_	_	_
6	_	V_{DD}	_	-	-	_	_	_	_
7	P60	_	_	I	(INTP3) (INTP6)		_	(SI11)	SCLA0
8	P61	_	_	ı	(INTP7)	_	_	(SO11) (SDA11)	SDAA0
9	P10	(PCLBUZ0)	_		INTP8	_	(TI03/TO03)	(SCK11/SCL11) (RxD1)	_
10	P11	(PCLBUZ0) (RTC1HZ)	_	_	INTP9	_	(TI03/TO03)	(SCK11/SCL11) (TxD1)	_
11	P00	TOOLTxD (RTC1HZ)	_	_	INTP6	_	(TI02/TO02)	SO00/TxD0 (SCK11/SCL11) (SI11/SDA11)	(SCLA0)
12	P01	TOOLRxD	ANIO	_	INTP5	TS00	TI02/TO02 (TI01/TO01)	SI00/RxD0/SDA00 (SI11/SDA11) (SO11)	(SDAA0)
13	P02	PCLBUZ0	ANI1	VCOUT0	INTP7	TSCAP	TI01/TO01 (TI02/TO02)	SCK00/SCL00 (SO11)	_
14	P03	_	ANI2	IVCMP0	INTP4	TS03	TO00 (TI00) (TI05/TO05)	RxD1 (SO00/TxD0)	_
15	P04	_	ANI3	IVREF0	INTP3	TS04	TI06/TO06 (TI01/TO01)	TxD1 (SI00/RxD0/SDA00) (SO00/TxD0)	_
16	P05	_	ANI4	IVCMP1	(INTP6)	TS05	(TI02/TO02) (TI07/TO07)	SO11 (SCK00/SCL00) (SI00/RxD0/SDA00)	_
17	P06	(PCLBUZ0)	ANI5	IVREF1	(INTP7)	TS06	(TI03/TO03)	SI11/SDA11 (SCK00/SCL00)	(SCLA0)
18	P07	_	ANI6	VCOUT1	(INTP5)	TS07	TI04/TO04 (TO03)	SCK11/SCL11	(SDAA0)
19	P23	_	ANI7	_	(INTP6)	TS08	(TI04/TO04)	(SCL11)	_
20	P22	_	ANI8	-	(INTP5)	TS09	(TI06/TO06)	(SDA11)	_
21	P21	_	ANI9		(INTP7)	TS10	(TO00)	SO20/TxD2 (RxD1)	_
22	P20	_	ANI10	_	(INTP1)	TS11	(TI00) (TO00) (TI03/TO03)	SI20/RxD2/SDA20 (SCK11/SCL11) (TxD1)	_
23	P41	RTC1HZ	_	(VCOUT0) (VCOUT1)	(INTP3) (INTP4)	TS13	TI03/TO03 (TI02/TO02)	SCK20/SCL20 (SO11) (SDA11)	_

Table 1-5. Multiplexed Functions of 24-pin Products (2/2)

Pin No.	I/O		Analog		HI	MI	Timer	Communication	s Interface
20SSOP	Digital port	Power supply, system, clock, debug	A/D converter	Comparator	Interrupt function	Capacitive touch sensing unit (CTSU)	Timer array unit	Serial array unit	Serial interface IICA
24	P40	TOOL0 (PCLBUZ0)	_	_	INTP2	_	(TI01/TO01)	_	_

- Remark 1. For pin identification, see 1.4 Pin Identification.
- Remark 2. Functions in parentheses can be assigned via settings in the peripheral I/O redirection register (PIOR).

 Refer to Figure 4-6 Format of Peripheral I/O Redirection Registers 0 to 6 (PIOR0 to PIOR6) in the RL78/G16 User's Manual.

1.3.5 32-pin products

- 32-pin plastic HWQFN (5 x 5 mm, 0.5-mm pitch)
- 32-pin plastic LQFP (7 × 7 mm, 0.8-mm pitch)



Table 1-6. Multiplexed Functions of 32-pin Products (1/2)

Pin	I/O		Ana	alog		MI	Timer	Communication	s Interface
No.						T			
32HWQFN 32LQFP	Digital port	Power supply, system, clock, debug	A/D converter	Comparator	Interrupt function	Capacitive touch sensing unit (CTSU)	Timer array unit	Serial array unit	Serial interface IICA
1	P43	_	_	_	_	TS14	_	_	_
2	P40	TOOL0 (PCLBUZ0)	_	I	INTP2	_	(TI01/TO01)	_	_
3	P125	RESET	_	(VCOUT0) (VCOUT1)	INTP1 (INTP0)	_	_	(SI11)	_
4	P137	_	_	_	INTP0	_	TI00	_	_
5	P122	X2/XT2 EXCLK/EXCLKS	_	I	(INTP2)	_	TI05/TO05	_	_
6	P121	X1/XT1	_		(INTP3) (INTP4) (INTP5)	_	TI07/TO07	_	_
7	-	VSS		_	_	_	_	_	_
8	_	VDD		_	_	_	_	_	_
9	P60	_	_	_	(INTP3) (INTP6)	_	_	(SI11)	SCLA0
10	P61	_	_	_	(INTP7)	_	_	(SO11) (SDA11)	SDAA0
11	P10	(PCLBUZ0)	_	I	INTP8	_	(TI03/TO03)	(SCK11/SCL11) (RxD1)	_
12	P11	(PCLBUZ0) (RTC1HZ)	_	ı	INTP9	_	(TI03/TO03)	(SCK11/SCL11) (TxD1)	_
13	P12	_	_	_	(INTP8)	_	_	_	_
14	P13	(RTC1HZ)	_		(INTP2) (INTP4)	_	_	(SCK11/SCL11) (SCK20/SCL20)	_
15	P14	_	_	ı	(INTP2)	_	_	(SI11/SDA11) (SI20/RxD2/SDA20)	_
16	P15	_	_		(INTP9)	_	_	(SO11) (SO20/TxD2)	_
17	P00	TOOLTxD (RTC1HZ)	_		INTP6	_	(TI02/TO02)	SO00/TxD0 (SCK11/SCL11) (SI11/SDA11)	(SCLA0)
18	P01	TOOLRxD	ANIO		INTP5	TS00	TI02/TO02 (TI01/TO01)	SI00/RxD0/SDA00 (SI11/SDA11) (SO11)	(SDAA0)
19	P02	PCLBUZ0	ANI1	VCOUT0	INTP7	TSCAP	TI01/TO01 (TI02/TO02)	SCK00/SCL00 (SO11) (SCK20/SCL20)	_
20	P16	_	_	_	_	TS01	(TI03/TO03)	(SI20/RxD2/SDA20)	(SCLA0)
21	P17	_	_			TS02	(TI04/TO04)	(SO20/TxD2)	(SDAA0)
22	P03	_	ANI2	IVCMP0	INTP4	TS03	TO00 (TI00) (TI05/TO05)	RxD1 (SO00/TxD0)	_
23	P04	_	ANI3	IVREF0	INTP3	TS04	TI06/TO06 (TI01/TO01)	TxD1 (SI00/RxD0/SDA00) (SO00/TxD0)	_
24	P05	_	ANI4	IVCMP1	(INTP6)	TS05	(TI02/TO02) (TI07/TO07)	SO11 (SCK00/SCL00) (SI00/RxD0/SDA00)	_

Table 1-6. Multiplexed Functions of 32-pin Products (2/2)

Pin No.	I/O		Ana	alog	Н	HMI Timer Communications Interface		s Interface	
32HWQFN 32LQFP	Digital port	Power supply, system, clock, debug	A/D converter	Comparator	Interrupt function	Capacitive touch sensing unit (CTSU)	Timer array unit	Serial array unit	Serial interface IICA
25	P06	(PCLBUZ0)	ANI5	IVREF1	(INTP7)	TS06	(TI03/TO03)	SI11/SDA11 (SCK00/SCL00)	(SCLA0)
26	P07	_	ANI6	VCOUT1	(INTP5)	TS07	TI04/TO04 (TO03)	SCK11/SCL11	(SDAA0)
27	P23	_	ANI7	_	(INTP6)	TS08	(TI04/TO04)	(SCL11)	_
28	P22	1	ANI8	_	(INTP5)	TS09	(TI06/TO06)	(SDA11)	_
29	P21	_	ANI9	_	(INTP7)	TS10	(TO00)	SO20/TxD2 (RxD1)	_
30	P20	-	ANI10	_	(INTP1)	TS11	(TI00) (TO00) (TI03/TO03)	SI20/RxD2/SDA20 (SCK11/SCL11) (RxD1) (TxD1)	_
31	P42	_	_	_	_	TS12	(TI00)	(TxD1)	_
32	P41	RTC1HZ	_	(VCOUT0) (VCOUT1)	(INTP3) (INTP4)	TS13	TI03/TO03 (TI02/TO02)	SCK20/SCL20 (SO11) (SDA11)	_

- Remark 1. For pin identification, see 1.4 Pin Identification.
- Remark 2. Functions in parentheses can be assigned via settings in the peripheral I/O redirection register (PIOR).

 Refer to Figure 4-6 Format of Peripheral I/O Redirection Registers 0 to 6 (PIOR0 to PIOR6) in the RL78/G16 User's Manual.

1.4 Pin Identification

ANI0 to ANI10 : Analog Input

INTP0 to INTP9 : Interrupt Request From Peripherals

P00 to P07 : Port 0
P10 to P17 : Port 1
P20 to P23 : Port 2
P40 to P43 : Port 4
P60, P61 : Port 6
P121, P122, P125 : Port 12
P137 : Port 13

PCLBUZ0 : Programmable Clock Output/Buzzer Output

EXCLK : External Clock Input (Main System Clock)

EXCLKS : External Clock Input (Subsystem Clock)

X1, X2 : Crystal Oscillator (Main System Clock)

XT1, XT2 : Crystal Oscillator (Subsystem Clock)

IVCMP0, IVCMP1 : Comparator Input
VCOUT0, VCOUT1 : Comparator Output

IVREF0, IVREF1 : Comparator Reference Input

RESET : Reset

RxD0, RxD1, RxD2 : Receive Data

RTC1HZ : Real-time Clock Correction Clock (1 Hz) Output

SCK00, SCK11, SCK20 : Serial Clock Input/Output
SCL00, SCL11, SCL20, SCLA0 : Serial Clock Output
SDA00, SDA11, SDA20, SDAA0 : Serial Data Input/Output

SI00, SI11, SI20 : Serial Data Input SO00, SO11, SO20 : Serial Data Output

TI00 to TI07 : Timer Input
TO00 to TO07 : Timer Output

TOOL0 : Data Input/Output for Tool

TOOLRxD, TOOLTxD : Data Input/Output for External Device

TxD0, TxD1, TxD2 : Transmit Data

TS00 to TS14 : Electrostatic Capacitance Measurement Pin (Touch Pin)

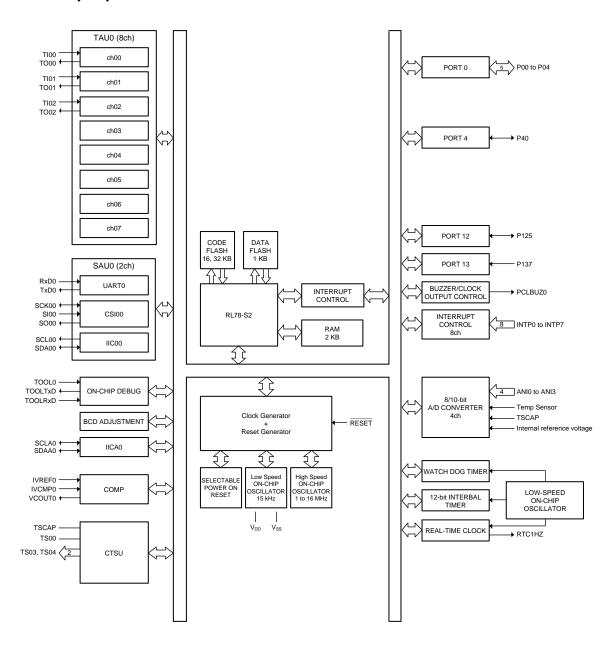
TSCAP : LPF (low-pass filter) Connection for CTSU

 V_{DD} : Power Supply V_{SS} : Ground

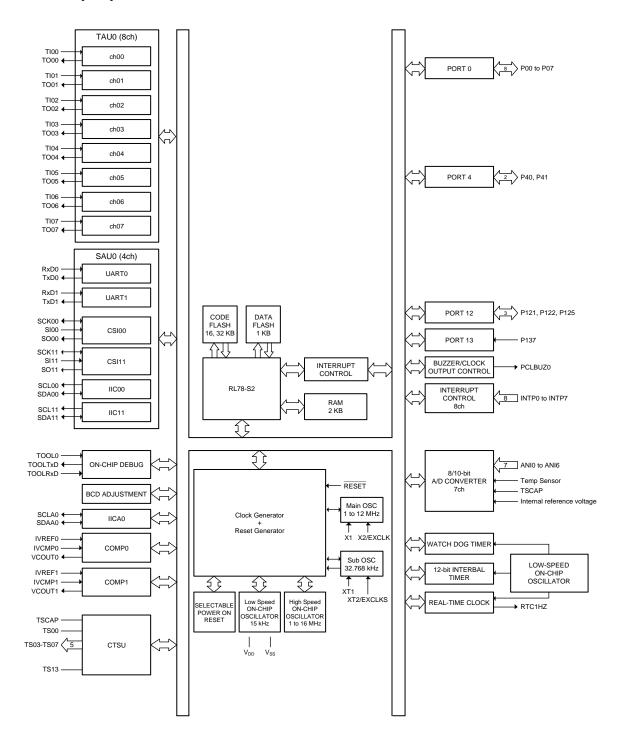


1.5 Block Diagram

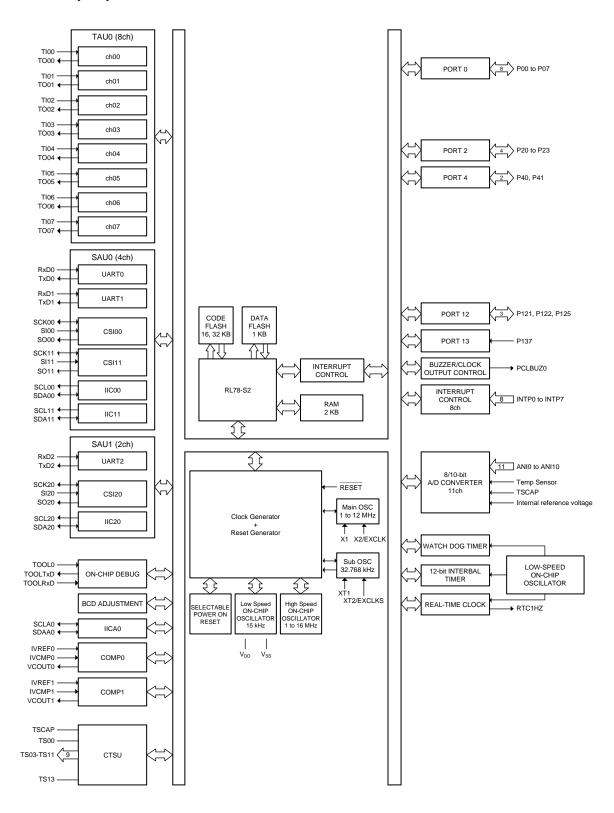
1.5.1 10-pin products



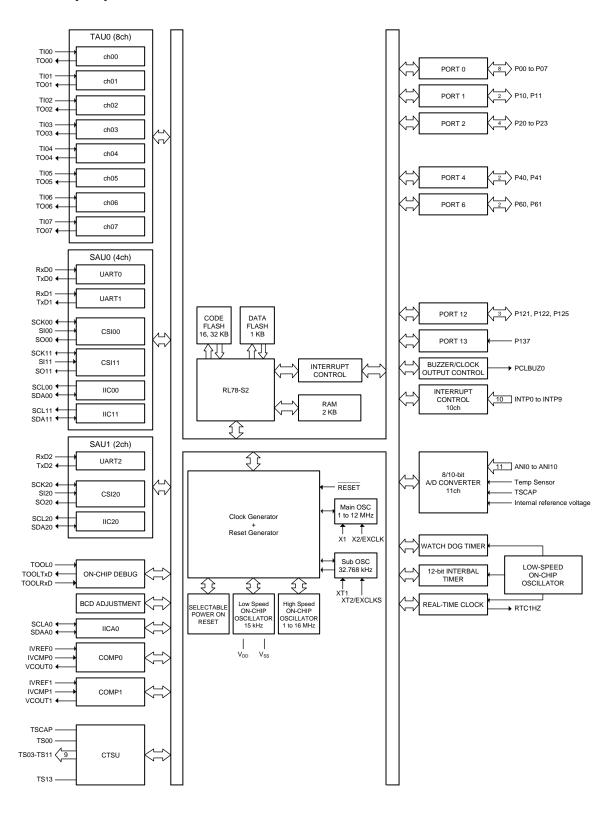
1.5.2 16-pin products



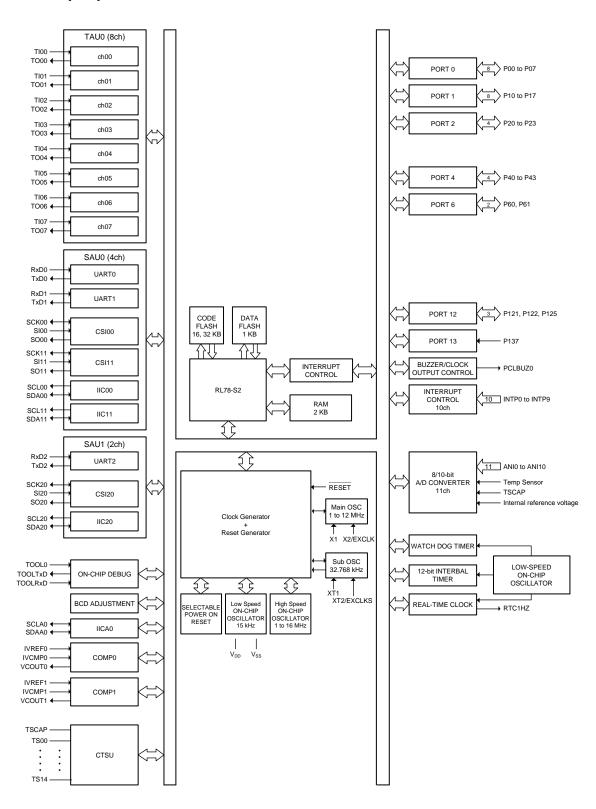
1.5.3 20-pin products



1.5.4 24-pin products



1.5.5 32-pin products



1.6 Outline of Functions

This outline describes the functions at the time when Peripheral I/O redirection register (PIOR) is set to 00H.

Item		10	nin	16	nin	20	nin	24	nin	22	nin
	item	10-			-pin R5F1214C	R5F1216A	-pin		-pin		pin
Code floor man		R5F1211A	R5F1211C	R5F1214A			R5F1216C	R5F1217A	R5F1217C	R5F121BA	R5F121BC
Code flash memo	•	16 KB	32 KB	16 KB	32 KB	16 KB	32 KB	16 KB	32 KB	16 KB	32 KB
Data flash memo	ory	1 KB 2 KB									
RAM	I.u			I	., .,						
Main system clock	High-speed system clock	 X1, X2 (crystal/ceramic) oscillation: 1 to 12 MHz: V_{DD} = 2.4 to 5.5 V External main system clock input (EXCLK): 1 to 16 MHz: V_{DD} = 2.4 to 5.5 V 									
	High-speed on-chip oscillator			I.	1	to 16 MHz (V	op = 2.4 to 5.5	V)			
Subsystem clock		_	— XT1 (crystal) oscillation, external subsystem clock input (EXCLKS) 32.768 kHz (TYP.): V _{DD} = 2.4 to 5.5 V								
Low-speed on-chip oscillator clock							z (TYP.)	. 100 – 2	0.0 7		
General-purpose	e registers					(8-bit register	× 8) × 4 banks	S			
Minimum instruct	tion execution time						MHz operation				
Instruction set		Data trans	sfer (8/16 bits)				,			
		Adder and Multiplica	d subtractor/lottion (8 bits x 8	ogical operation	,	, test, and Bo	olean operatio	n), etc.			
I/O port	Total	8	3	1	4	1	18	2	2	3	0
	CMOS I/O	7	,	1	3	1	17	1	9	2	7
	CMOS input						1				
	N-ch open drain I/O (withstand voltage of 6 V)	_ 2									
Timer	16-bit timer	8 channels									
	Watchdog timer					1 ch	annel				
	12-bit interval timer					1 ch	annel				
	Real-time clock 2	_	_				1 ch	annel			
	Timer output	3 cha (PWM outp			annels outs: 7) ^{Note 1}		annels puts: 7) ^{Note 1}		nnels outs: 7) ^{Note 1}	8 cha (PWM outp	
	RTC output	_	_			1 Hz (s	subsystem clo	ck: f _{SUB} = 32.7	68 kHz)		
Clock output/buz	zer output	1									
		Up to 10 MHz (peripheral hardware clock: f _{MAIN} = 10 MHz operation)									
Comparator		1 cha	annel	2 cha	annels	2 cha	annels	2 cha	nnels	2 cha	nnels
8/10-bit resolution	n A/D converter	4 cha	nnels	7 cha	annels	11 ch	annels	11 ch	annels	11 cha	annels
Serial interface		Simplified 1 cha simplifi 1 cha UART: 1	innel/ ed I ² C: innel/	2 cha simplified I ² C	PI (CSI ^{Note 2}): nnels/ c: 2 channels/ channels	Simplified	SPI (CSI): 3 c	hannels/simpl	ified I ² C: 3 cha	annels/UART:	3 channels
	I ² C bus					1 ch	annel				
CTSU	•	3	3	-	7	1	11	1	1	1	5
Number of	Internal	2	3	2	26	3	30	3	10	3	0
Vectored interrupt sources	External	3	3	8	8	ł	8	1	0	1	0
Reset		Reset by RESET pin Internal reset by watchdog timer Internal reset by selectable power-on-reset Internal reset by illegal instruction execution ^{Note 3} Internal reset by data retention lower limit voltage Internal reset by illegal-memory access Internal reset by RAM parity error									
Selectable power	r-on-reset circuit		ge (V _{SPOR}): 2.	25 V/2.68 V/3. .20 V/2.62 V/2							
On-chip debug fu	unction	Provided									
Power supply vol	ltage	$V_{DD} = 2.4 \text{ to } 5$	5.5 V		-			-		-	-
Operating ambie	ent temperature			sumer applicat Iustrial applica		0 to +105°C (0	G: Industrial a	pplications),			

Note 1. The number of outputs varies, depending on the setting of channels in use and the number of the master (see 6.9.3 Operation as multiple PWM output function in the RL78/G16 User's Manual).

- Note 2. Although the CSI function is generally called SPI, it is also called CSI in this product, so it is referred to as such in this manual.
- Note 3. The illegal instruction is generated when instruction code FFH is executed. Reset by the illegal instruction execution not issued by emulation with the on-chip debug emulator.

2. ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS ($T_A = -40 \text{ to } +85^{\circ}\text{C}$)

This chapter describes the electrical specifications of A: Consumer applications ($T_A = -40$ to $+85^{\circ}$ C).

- Caution 1. The RL78 microcontrollers have an on-chip debug function, which is provided for development and evaluation. Do not use the on-chip debug function in products designated for mass production, because the guaranteed number of rewritable times of the flash memory may be exceeded when this function is used, and product reliability therefore cannot be guaranteed. Renesas Electronics is not liable for problems occurring when the on-chip debug function is used.
- Caution 2. The pins mounted depend on the product. Refer to 2.1 Port Function, for the port functions, and 2.2.1 Functions for each product, for the other functions, in the RL78/G16 User's Manual.

2.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

 $[T_A = 25^{\circ}C]$

Item	Symbol		Condition	Rating	Unit
Supply voltage	V _{DD}			-0.5 to +6.5	V
Input voltage	V _{I1}			-0.3 to V _{DD} + 0.3 ^{Note 1}	V
Output voltage	V _{O1}			-0.3 to V _{DD} + 0.3	V
Output current, high	I _{OH1}	Per pin		-40	mA
Dutput current, high		Total of all pins	P06, P07, P20 to P23, P40 to P43, P121, P122, P125	-70	mA
		-170mA	P00 to P05, P10 to P17	-100	mA
Output current, low	I _{OL1}	Per pin		40	mA
		Total of all pins	P06, P07, P20 to P23, P40 to P43, P121, P122, P125	100	mA
		170mA	P00 to P05, P10 to P17, P60, P61	100	mA
Operating ambient temperature	T _A			-40 to +85	°C
Storage temperature	T _{stg}			-65 to +150	°C

- Note 1. This must be no greater than 6.5 V.
- Caution Product quality may suffer if the absolute maximum rating is exceeded even momentarily for any item. That is, the absolute maximum ratings are rated values at which the product is on the verge of suffering physical damage, and therefore the product must be used under conditions that ensure that the absolute maximum ratings are not exceeded.
- **Remark 1.** The characteristics of functions multiplexed on a given pin are the same as those for the port pin unless otherwise specified.
- Remark 2. The reference voltage is Vss.

2.2 Oscillator Characteristics

2.2.1 X1 and XT1 oscillator characteristics

 $[T_A = -40 \text{ to } +85^{\circ}\text{C}, 2.4 \text{ V} \le V_{DD} \le 5.5 \text{ V}, V_{SS} = 0 \text{ V}]$

Item	Resonator	Condition	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
X1 clock oscillation frequency (fx) ^{Note 1}	Ceramic resonator/ crystal resonator	2.4 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V	1		12	MHz
XT1 clock oscillation frequency (f _{xT}) ^{Note 1}	Crystal resonator		32	32.768	35	kHz

Note 1. Indicates only permissible oscillator frequency ranges. Refer to **2.4 AC Characteristics** for instruction execution time. For actual applications, request evaluation by the manufacturer of the oscillator circuit mounted on a board so you can use appropriate values.

Caution Since the CPU is started by the high-speed on-chip oscillator clock after release from the reset state, the user should use the oscillation stabilization time counter status register (OSTC) to check the X1 clock oscillation stabilization time. Specify the values for the oscillation stabilization time in the OSTC register and the oscillation stabilization time select register (OSTS) after having sufficiently evaluated the oscillation stabilization time with the resonator to be used.

Remark When using the X1 or XT1 oscillator, refer to 5.4 System Clock Oscillator in the RL78/G16 User's Manual.

2.2.2 On-chip oscillator characteristics

 $[T_A = -40 \text{ to } +85^{\circ}\text{C}, 2.4 \text{ V} \le V_{DD} \le 5.5 \text{ V}, V_{SS} = 0 \text{ V}]$

Item	Symbol	Condition	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
High-speed on-chip oscillator clock frequency ^{Note 1, Note 2}	f _{IH}		1		16	MHz
High-speed on-chip oscillator clock frequency accuracy		T _A = −40 to +85°C	-2.0		+2.0	%
Low-speed on-chip oscillator clock frequency	f _{IL}			15		kHz
Low-speed on-chip oscillator clock frequency accuracy			-15		+15	%

Note 1. The high-speed on-chip oscillator frequency is selected by bits 0 to 2 of option byte (00C2H) and bits 0 to 2 of the HOCODIV register.

Note 2. The listed values only indicate the characteristics of the oscillators. Refer to **2.4 AC Characteristics** for instruction execution time.

2.3 DC Characteristics

2.3.1 Pin characteristics

 $[T_A = -40 \text{ to } +85^{\circ}\text{C}, 2.4 \text{ V} \le V_{DD} \le 5.5 \text{ V}, V_{SS} = 0 \text{ V}]$

(1/2)

Item	Symbol	Condition		MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Output current, high	I _{OH1}	Per pin for P00 to P07, P10 to P40 to P43, P121, P122, P125	, ,			-10.0 ^{Note 2}	mA
		Total of P06, P07, P20 to	4.0 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V			-65.0 ^{Note 5}	mA
		P23, P40 to P43, P121, P122, P125	$2.7 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{DD} < 4.0 \text{ V}$			-14.0	mA
		(when duty ≤ 70% ^{Note 3})	$2.4 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{DD} < 2.7 \text{ V}$			-10.5	mA
		Total of P00 to P05, P10 to	4.0 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V			-65.0	mA
		(when duty ≤ 70% ^{Note 3})	2.7 V ≤ V _{DD} < 4.0 V			-12.0	mA
			2.4 V ≤ V _{DD} < 2.7 V			-9.0	mA
		Total of all pins (when duty ≤ 7	0% ^{Note 3})			-105.0	mA
Output current, low	I _{OL1}	Per pin for P00 to P07, P10 to P40 to P43, P121, P122, P125			20.0 ^{Note 2}	mA	
		Per pin for P60, P61				15.0 ^{Note 2}	mA
		Total of P06, P07, P20 to	4.0 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V			85.0 ^{Note 6}	mA
		P23, P40 to P43, P121, P122, P125	2.7 V ≤ V _{DD} < 4.0 V			21.0	mA
		(when duty ≤ 70% ^{Note 3})	2.4 V ≤ V _{DD} < 2.7 V			4.2	mA
		Total of P00 to P05, P10 to	4.0 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V			85.0	mA
		P17, P60, P61	2.7 V ≤ V _{DD} < 4.0 V			18.0	mA
		(when duty ≤ 70% ^{Note 3})	2.4 V ≤ V _{DD} < 2.7 V			3.6	mA
		Total of all pins (when duty ≤ 7	0% ^{Note 3})			145.0	mA

- Note 1. Device operation is guaranteed at the listed currents even if current is flowing from the V_{DD} pin to an output pin.
- Note 2. The value for maximum total current must not be exceeded.
- Note 3. The listed currents apply when the duty cycle is no greater than 70%. Use the following formula to calculate the output current when the duty cycle is greater than 70%, where n is the duty cycle.
 - Total output current from the listed pins = (I_{OH} × 0.7)/(n × 0.01)
 Example when n = 80% and I_{OH} = −10.0 mA
 Total output current from the listed pins = (-10.0 × 0.7)/(80 × 0.01) ≅ −8.7 mA
 - Total output current from the listed pins = $(I_{OL} \times 0.7)/(n \times 0.01)$

Example when n = 80% and $I_{OL} = 10.0$ mA

Total output current from the listed pins = $(10.0 \times 0.7)/(80 \times 0.01) \approx 8.7$ mA

Note that the duty cycle has no effect on the current that is allowed to flow into a single pin. A current higher than the absolute maximum rating must not flow into a single pin.

Note 4. Device operation is guaranteed at the listed currents even if current is flowing from an output pin to the Vss pin.



- Note 5. When the multiplexed TSm pin is used as a mutual-capacitance transmit pin, the value is -30 mA.
- Note 6. When the multiplexed TSm pin is used as a mutual-capacitance transmit pin, the value is 40 mA.
- Caution P00, P01, P03 to P07, P14, P16, P17, P20, P22, and P41 do not output high level in N-ch open-drain mode.
- **Remark** The characteristics of functions multiplexed on a given pin are the same as those for the port pin unless otherwise specified.

$[T_A = -40 \text{ to } +85^{\circ}\text{C}, 2.4 \text{ V} \le V_{DD} \le 5.5 \text{ V}, V_{SS} = 0 \text{ V}]$

(2/2)

Item	Symbol		Condition		MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Input voltage, high	V _{IH1}				0.8 V _{DD}		V_{DD}	V
	V _{IH2}	P60, P61			0.7 V _{DD}		6.0	V
Input voltage, low	V _{IL1}				0		0.2 V _{DD}	V
	V _{IL2}	P60, P61			0		0.3 V _{DD}	V
Output voltage, high	V _{OH1}	$4.0~\textrm{V} \leq \textrm{V}_\textrm{DD} \leq 5.5~\textrm{V}$		I _{OH} = −10 mA	V _{DD} - 1.5			V
Note 1				I _{OH} = −3.0 mA	V _{DD} - 0.7			V
		2.7 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V		I _{OH} = −2.0 mA	V _{DD} - 0.6			V
		2.4 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5	5.5 V	I _{OH} = −1.5 mA	V _{DD} - 0.5			V
Output voltage, low	V _{OL1}	4.0 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V		I _{OL} = 20 mA			1.3	V
Note 2				I _{OL} = 8.5 mA			0.7	V
		$2.7 \text{ V} \leq \text{V}_{DD} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$		I _{OL} = 3.0 mA			0.6	V
							0.4	V
		2.4 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V		I _{OL} = 0.6 mA			0.4	V
		P60, P61	4.0 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤	I _{OL} = 15 mA			2.0	V
			5.5 V	I _{OL} = 5 mA			0.4	V
			2.7 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤	I _{OL} = 3.0 mA			0.4	V
			5.5 V	I _{OL} = 2.0 mA		0.4	V	
			2.4 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V	I _{OL} = 1.0 mA			1.3 0.7 0.4 0.4 0.4 0.4	V
Input leakage current, high	I _{LIH1}		P00 to P07, P10 to P17, P20 to P23, P40 to P43, P60, P61, P125, P137 $V_{1} = V_{12}$				1	μА
Output voltage, high Note 1 Output voltage, low Note 2 Input leakage current, high Input leakage current, low On-chip pull-up	I _{LIH2}	P121, P122 (X XT2, EXCLK, I		In input port or external clock input			1	μA
		$V_{I} = V_{DD}$		In resonator connection			10	μΑ
Input leakage current, low	I _{LIL1}	P00 to P07, P ² P60, P61, P12 V _I = V _{SS}		D P23, P40 to P43,			-1	μА
	I _{LIL2}	P121, P122 (X XT2, EXCLK, I		In input port or external clock input			-1	μΑ
		$V_{I} = V_{SS}$		In resonator connection			V _{DD} 6.0 0.2 V _{DD} 0.3 V _{DD} 1.3 0.7 0.6 0.4 0.4 2.0 0.4 0.4 1 1 1 1 1 1 10 -1 -1 -10	μΑ
On-chip pull-up resistance	Ru	Except P60 an	d P61 V _I = V _{SS}		10	20	100	kΩ

Note 1. The value under the condition which satisfies the high-level output current (I_{OH1}).

Note 2. The value under the condition which satisfies the low-level output current (I_{OL1}).

Caution The maximum value of V_{IH} of P00, P01, P03 to P07, P14, P16, P17, P20, P22, and P41 is V_{DD} even in N-ch open-drain mode. These pins do not output high level in N-ch open-drain mode.

Remark The characteristics of functions multiplexed on a given pin are the same as those for the port pin unless otherwise specified.

2.3.2 Supply current characteristics

[T_A = -40 to +85°C, 2.4 V \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5 V, V_{SS} = 0 V]

Item	Symbol			Condition		MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Supply currentNote 1	I _{DD1}	Operating mode	Basic operation	f _{IH} = 16 MHz ^{Note 4}	$V_{DD} = 3.0 \text{ V}, 5.0 \text{ V}$		0.97		mA
			Normal	f _{IH} = 16 MHz ^{Note 4}	V _{DD} = 3.0 V, 5.0 V		2.11	2.76	mA
			operation	f _{IH} = 4 MHz ^{Note 4}	V _{DD} = 3.0 V, 5.0 V		1.22	1.64	mA
				$f_{EX} = 16 \text{ MHz}^{\text{Note 5, Note 6}}$ $V_{DD} = 3.0 \text{ V, 5.0 V}$	Square wave input		1.97	2.62	mA
				$f_X = 12 \text{ MHz}^{\text{Note 5, Note 6}}$ $V_{DD} = 3.0 \text{ V}, 5.0 \text{ V}$	Resonator connection		1.79	2.49	mA
				f _{MX} = 4 MHz ^{Note 5, Note 6}	Square wave input		1.07	1.49	mA
				$V_{DD} = 3.0 \text{ V}, 5.0 \text{ V}$	Resonator connection		1.12	1.55	mA
				f _{SUB} = 32.768 kHz ^{Note 7}	Square wave input		3.65	5.80	mA
				T _A = -40°C	Resonator connection		3.70	6.00	mA
				f _{SUB} = 32.768 kHz ^{Note 7}	Square wave input		3.90	5.80	mA
				T _A = +25°C	Resonator connection		4.18	6.00	mA
				f _{SUB} = 32.768 kHz ^{Note 7}	Square wave input		4.04	6.20	mA
				T _A = +50°C	Resonator connection		4.37	6.40	mA
				f _{SUB} = 32.768 kHz ^{Note 7}	Square wave input		4.20	6.50	mA
				T _A = +70°C	Resonator connection		4.56	6.70	mA
				f _{SUB} = 32.768 kHz ^{Note 7}	Square wave input		4.40	7.80	mA
				T _A = +85°C	Resonator connection		4.80	8.00	mA
	I _{DD2} Note 2	HALT mode	1	f _{IH} = 16 MHz ^{Note 4}	V _{DD} = 3.0 V, 5.0 V		385	800	μA
				f _{IH} = 4 MHz ^{Note 4}	V _{DD} = 3.0 V, 5.0 V		334	630	μA
				$f_{EX} = 16 \text{ MHz}^{\text{Note 5, Note 6}}$ $V_{DD} = 3.0 \text{ V, } 5.0 \text{ V}$	Square wave input		229	638	μA
				$f_X = 12 \text{ MHz}^{\text{Note 5, Note 6}}$ $V_{DD} = 3.0 \text{ V, } 5.0 \text{ V}$	Resonator connection		351	902	μA
				f _{MX} = 4 MHz ^{Note 5, Note 6}	Square wave input		167	452	μA
				$V_{DD} = 3.0 \text{ V}, 5.0 \text{ V}$	Resonator connection		226	599	μA
				f _{SUB} = 32.768 kHz ^{Note 8}	Square wave input		0.69	1.45	mA
				T _A = -40°C	Resonator connection		0.75	1.65	mA
				f _{SUB} = 32.768 kHz ^{Note 8}	Square wave input		0.75	1.45	mA
				T _A = +25°C	Resonator connection		1.04	1.65	mA
				f _{SUB} = 32.768 kHz ^{Note 8}	Square wave input		0.84	1.74	mA
				T _A = +50°C	Resonator connection		1.20	1.94	mA
				f _{SUB} = 32.768 kHz ^{Note 8}	Square wave input		0.97	2.20	mA
				T _A = +70°C	Resonator connection		1.33	2.40	mA
				f _{SUB} = 32.768 kHz ^{Note 8}	Square wave input		1.13	3.10	mA
				T _A = +85°C	Resonator connection		1.51	3.30	mA
	I _{DD3} Note 3	STOP mode	Note 9	V _{DD} = 3.0 V	1		0.62	2.80	μΑ

Note 1. The listed currents are the total currents flowing into V_{DD} , including the input leakage currents flowing when the level of the input pin is fixed to V_{DD} or V_{SS} .

Regarding the values for main system clock operation, the TYP. value does not include the peripheral operating current. The MAX. value includes the peripheral operating current, but does not include those flowing into the A/D converter, comparator, capacitive touch sensing unit (CTSU), I/O port, and on-chip pull-

up/pull-down resistors.

Regarding the values for subsystem clock operation, the TYP. and MAX. values do not include the peripheral operating current. However, in HALT mode, the current flowing into the RTC is included.

Regarding the values in STOP mode, the TYP. and MAX. values do not include the peripheral operating current.

- Note 2. When the HALT instruction is executed from the flash memory.
- Note 3. The listed currents do not include the current flowing into real-time clock 2, the clock output/buzzer output controller, 12-bit interval timer, and watchdog timer.
- Note 4. When the high-speed system clock and subsystem clock are stopped.
- Note 5. When the high-speed on-chip oscillator and subsystem clock are stopped.
- Note 6. 16-pin, 20-pin, 24-pin, and 32-pin products only.
- Note 7. When the high-speed on-chip oscillator and high-speed system clock are stopped. When AMPHS1 = 1 (ultra-low power consumption oscillation). However, not including the current flowing into real-time clock 2, the 12-bit interval timer, watchdog timer, and capacitive touch sensing unit.
- Note 8. When the high-speed on-chip oscillator and high-speed system clock are stopped. When RTCLPC = 1 and AMPHS1 = 1 (ultra-low power consumption oscillation).
- Note 9. Regarding the value for current to operate the subsystem clock in STOP mode, refer to that in HALT mode.
- Remark 1. fil: High-speed on-chip oscillator clock frequency
- **Remark 2.** f_{MX}: High-speed system clock frequency (X1 clock oscillation frequency or external main system clock frequency)
- **Remark 3.** Except for subsystem clock operation, the temperature condition of the TYP. value is $T_A = 25$ °C.
- Remark 4. f_{SUB}: Subsystem clock frequency (XT1 clock oscillation frequency)



Peripheral Functions

 $[T_A = -40 \text{ to } +85^{\circ}\text{C}, 2.4 \text{ V} \le V_{DD} \le 5.5 \text{ V}, V_{SS} = 0 \text{ V}]$

Item	Symbol	Cond	lition	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Low-speed on-chip oscillator operating current	I _{FIL} Note 1				0.30		μA
RTC2 operating current	I _{RTC} Note 1, Note 2, Note 8	f _{SUB} = 32.768 kHz			0.02		μΑ
12-bit interval timer operating current	I _{TMKA} Note 1, Note 2, Note 3				0.02		μA
Watchdog timer operating current	I _{WDT} Note 1, Note 4				0.02		μA
A/D converter operating current	,,,,,,	maximum speed	V _{DD} = 5.0 V		1.30	1.90	mA
	Note 1, Note 5		V _{DD} = 3.0 V		0.50		mA
Temperature sensor operating current	I _{TMPS} Note 1				75.0		μA
Comparator operating current	I _{CMP} Note 1, Note 6	In high-speed mode	V _{DD} = 5.0 V		6.50		μA
		In low-speed mode	V _{DD} = 5.0 V		1.70		μA
Internal reference voltage operating current	I _{VREG} Note 1				10		μA
Self-programming operating current	FSP Note 1, Note 7				2.0	12.20	mA

- Note 1. The current flowing into V_{DD}.
- Note 2. When the high-speed on-chip oscillator and high-speed system clock are stopped.
- Note 3. This current only flows into the 12-bit interval timer. It does not include the operating current of the low-speed on-chip oscillator and XT1 oscillator. The supply current of the RL78 microcontrollers is the sum of I_{DD1}, I_{DD2} or I_{DD3} and I_{FIL} and I_{TMKA} when the 12-bit interval timer is in operation.
- Note 4. This current only flows into the watchdog timer. It does not include the operating current of the low-speed onchip oscillator. The supply current of the RL78 microcontrollers is the sum of I_{DD1}, I_{DD2} or I_{DD3} and I_{FIL} and I_{WDT} when the watchdog timer is in operation.
- Note 5. This current only flows into the A/D converter. The supply current of the RL78 microcontrollers is the sum of I_{DD1} or I_{DD2} and I_{ADC} when the A/D converter is operating or in the HALT mode.
- Note 6. This current only flows into a single comparator. The supply current of the RL78 microcontrollers is the sum of I_{DD1}, I_{DD2} or I_{DD3} and I_{CMP} when the comparator is in operation.
- Note 7. This current only flows during self-programming.
- Note 8. This current only flows into real-time clock 2. It does not include the operating current of the low-speed on-chip oscillator and XT1 oscillator. The supply current of the RL78 microcontrollers is the sum of the values of either I_{DD1} or I_{DD2}, and I_{RTC}, when real-time clock 2 operates in operation mode or HALT mode. When the low-speed on-chip oscillator is selected, I_{FIL} should be added. I_{DD2} subsystem clock operation includes the operational current of real-time clock 2.
- **Remark** The temperature condition of the TYP. value is $T_A = 25$ °C.



2.4 AC Characteristics

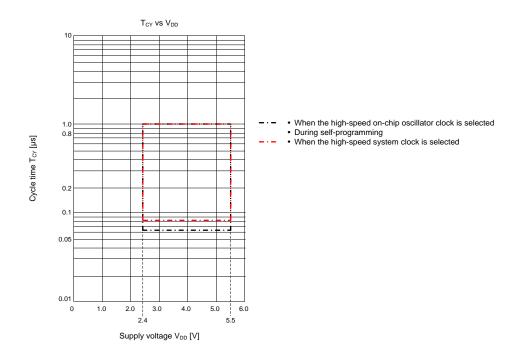
 $[T_A = -40 \text{ to } +85^{\circ}\text{C}, 2.4 \text{ V} \le V_{DD} \le 5.5 \text{ V}, V_{SS} = 0 \text{ V}]$

Item	Symbol		Condition	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Instruction cycle (minimum instruction execution time)	T _{CY}	When high-speed on-chip oscillator clock (f _{IH}) is selected	$2.4 \text{ V} \leq \text{V}_{DD} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$	0.0625		1.0	μs
		When high-speed system clock (f _{MX}) is selected	$2.4 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{DD} \le 5.5 \text{ V}$	0.0833		1.0	μs
		Subsystem clock (f _{SUB}) operation	2.4 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V	28.5	30.5	31.3	μs
		In the self-programming mode	2.4 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V	0.0625		1.0	μs
External system clock frequency	f _{EX}	2.4 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V	.4 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V			16	MHz
External system clock input high-level width, low-level width	t _{EXH} , t _{EXL}	2.4 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V	4 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V				ns
TI00 to TI07 input high-level width, low-level width	tтін, tтіL	Noise filter is not used	$V \le V_{DD} \le 5.5 \text{ V}$ se filter is not used $V \le V_{DD} \le 5.5 \text{ V}$				ns
TO00 to TO07 output	f _{TO}	4.0 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V				8	MHz
frequency		2.7 V ≤ V _{DD} < 4.0 V				8 MH	MHz
		2.4 V ≤ V _{DD} < 2.7 V				4	MHz
PCLBUZ0 output frequency	f _{PCL}	4.0 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V			10	MHz	
		2.7 V ≤ V _{DD} < 4.0 V				5	MHz
		2.4 V ≤ V _{DD} < 2.7 V				4	MHz
RESET low-level width	t _{RSL}			10	•		μs

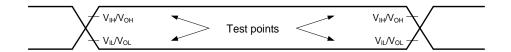
Remark f_{MCK}: Timer array unit operating clock frequency

(Operation clock to be set by timer clock select register 0 (TPS0) and the CKS0n1 bit of timer mode register 0 (TMR0n). n: Channel number (n = 0 to 7).)

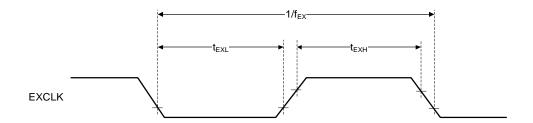
Minimum Instruction Execution Time during Main System Clock Operation



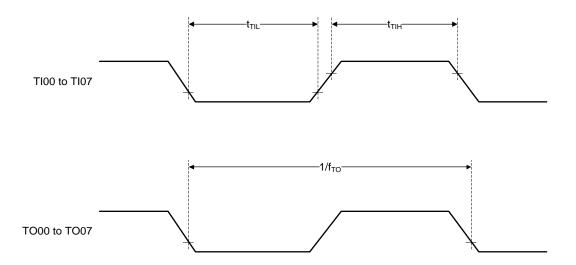
At AC Timing



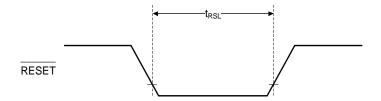
External System Clock Timing



TI/TO Timing

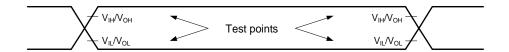


RESET Input Timing



2.5 Serial Interface Characteristics

AC Timing Test Points



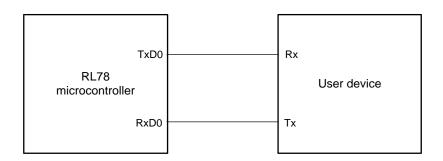
2.5.1 Serial array unit

(1) UART mode

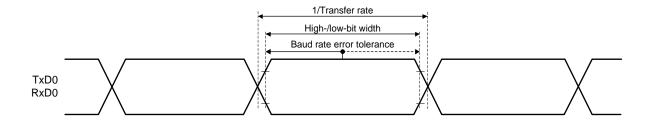
[T_A = -40 to +85°C, 2.4 V \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5 V, V_{SS} = 0 V]

Item	Symbol	Condition	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Transfer rate					f _{MCK} /6	bps
		Theoretical value of the maximum transfer rate			2.6	Mbps
		$f_{CLK} = f_{MCK} = 16 \text{ MHz}$				

UART mode connection diagram



UART mode bit width (reference)



Remark f_{MCK}: Serial array unit operation clock frequency

(Operation clock to be set by serial clock select register m (SPSm) and the CKSmn bit of serial mode register mn (SMRmn). m: Unit number, n: Channel number (mn = 00, 11, 20))

(2) Simplified SPI (CSI) mode (master mode, SCKp... internal clock output)

$[T_A = -40 \text{ to } +85^{\circ}\text{C}, 2.4 \text{ V} \le V_{DD} \le 5.5 \text{ V}, V_{SS} = 0 \text{ V}]$

Item	Symbol	Condition		MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
SCKp cycle time	t _{KCY1}	$t_{KCY1} \ge 4/f_{CLK}$	$2.4 \text{ V} \leq \text{V}_{DD} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$	250			ns
SCKp high-/low-level width	t _{KH1} , t _{KL1}			t _{KCY1} /2 - 18			ns
				t _{KCY1} /2 - 38			ns
SIp setup time	t _{SIK1}	$2.7 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{DD} \le 5.5 \text{ V}$		47			ns
(to SCKp ↑) ^{Note 1}		$2.4 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{DD} \le 5.5 \text{ V}$		75			ns
SIp hold time (from SCKp ↑) ^{Note 1}	t _{KSI1}			19			ns
Delay time from SCKp ↓ to SOp output ^{Note 2}	t _{KSO1}	C = 30 pF ^{Note 3, Note 4}				25	ns

- Note 1. When DAP0n = 0 and CKP0n = 0, or DAP0n = 1 and CKP0n = 1. The SIp setup time becomes "to SCKp ↓" and the SIp hold time becomes "from SCKp ↓" when DAP0n = 0 and CKP0n = 1, or DAP0n = 1 and CKP0n = 0.
- Note 2. When DAP0n = 0 and CKP0n = 0, or DAP0n = 1 and CKP0n = 1. The delay time to SOp output becomes "from SCKp \downarrow " when DAP0n = 0 and CKP0n = 1, or DAP0n = 1 and CKP0n = 0.
- Note 3. C is the load capacitance of the SCKp and SOp output lines.
- Note 4. External loads on P60 and P61 in the case of the SOp output line: $R = 1 k\Omega$, C = 30 pF

(3) Simplified SPI (CSI) mode (slave mode, SCKp... external clock input)

 $[T_A = -40 \text{ to } +85^{\circ}\text{C}, 2.4 \text{ V} \le V_{DD} \le 5.5\text{V}, V_{SS} = 0\text{V}]$

Item	Symbol	Cor	ndition	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
SCKp cycle time	t _{KCY2}	2.7 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V		6/f _{MCK}			ns
		2.4 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V	2.4 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V				ns
SCKp high-/low-level width	t _{KH2} ,t _{KL2}	2.4 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V	t _{KCY2} /2 - 18			ns	
SIp setup time	t _{SIK2}	2.7 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V		1/f _{MCK} + 20			ns
(to SCKp ↑) ^{Note 1}		2.4 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V		1/f _{MCK} + 30			ns
SIp hold time (from SCKp ↑) ^{Note 1}	t _{KSI2}	2.4 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V		1/f _{MCK} + 31			ns
Delay time from SCKp ↓ to SOp output ^{Note 2}	t _{KSO2}	C = 30 pF Note 3, Note 4	$2.7 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{DD} \le 5.5 \text{ V}$			2/f _{MCK} + 50	ns
			2.4 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V			2/f _{MCK} + 75	ns

- Note 1. When DAP0n = 0 and CKP0n = 0, or DAP0n = 1 and CKP0n = 1. The SIp setup time becomes "to SCKp ↓" and the SIp hold time becomes "from SCKp ↓" when DAP0n = 0 and CKP0n = 1, or DAP0n = 1 and CKP0n = 0
- Note 2. When DAP0n = 0 and CKP0n = 0, or DAP0n = 1 and CKP0n = 1. The delay time to SOp output becomes "from SCKp \downarrow " when DAP0n = 0 and CKP0n = 1, or DAP0n = 1 and CKP0n = 0.
- Note 3. C is the load capacitance of the SOp output lines.

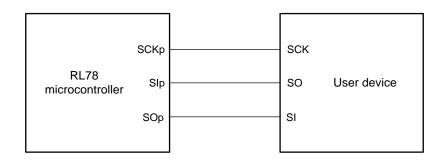


Note 4. External loads on P60 and P61 in the case of the SOp output line: $R = 1 \text{ k}\Omega$, C = 30 pF

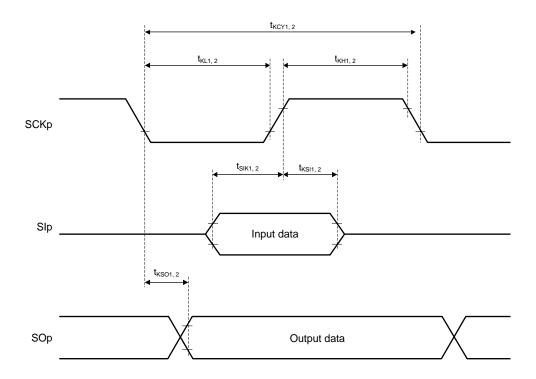
Remark 1. p: CSI number (p = 00, 11, 20), n: Channel number (n = 0, 1)

Remark 2. f_{MCK}: Serial array unit operation clock frequency (Operation clock to be set by serial clock select register 0 (SPS0) and the CKS0n bit of serial mode register 0n (SMR0n). n: Channel number (n = 0, 1))

Simplified SPI (CSI) mode connection diagram



Simplified SPI (CSI) mode serial transfer timing (When DAP0n = 0 and CKP0n = 0, or DAP0n = 1 and CKP0n = 1)



Remark p: CSI number (p = 00, 11, 20), n: Channel number (n = 0, 1)

(4) Simplified I²C mode

 $[T_A = -40 \text{ to } +85^{\circ}\text{C}, 2.4 \text{ V} \le V_{DD} \le 5.5 \text{ V}, V_{SS} = 0 \text{ V}]$

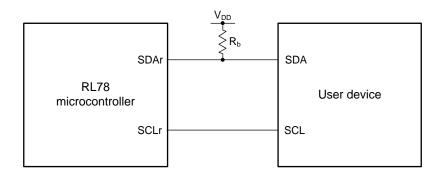
Item	Symbol	Condition	MIN.	MAX.	Unit
SCLr clock frequency	f _{SCL}	$C_b = 100 \text{ pF}, R_b = 3 \text{ k}\Omega$		400 ^{Note 1}	kHz
Hold time when SCLr = "L"	t _{LOW}	$C_b = 100 \text{ pF}, R_b = 3 \text{ k}\Omega$	1150		ns
Hold time when SCLr = "H"	t _{HIGH}	$C_b = 100 \text{ pF}, R_b = 3 \text{ k}\Omega$	1150		ns
Data setup time (reception)	t _{SU:DAT}	$C_b = 100 \text{ pF}, R_b = 3 \text{ k}\Omega$	1/f _{MCK} + 145 ^{Note 2}		ns
Data hold time (transmission)	t _{HD:DAT}	$C_b = 100 \text{ pF}, R_b = 3 \text{ k}\Omega$	0	355	ns

Note 1. The value must also be no greater than $f_{MCK}/4$.

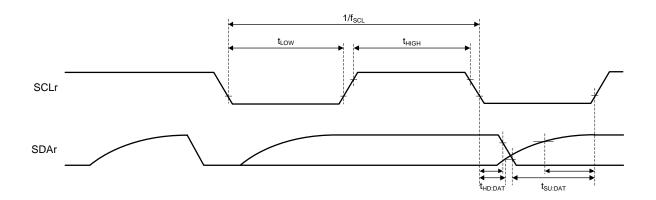
Note 2. Set f_{MCK} so that it will not exceed the hold time when SCLr = "L" or SCLr = "H".

Caution Select the N-ch open drain output (V_{DD} tolerance) mode for the SDAr pin by using port output mode register 0, 1, 2, 4, or 6 (POM0, 1, 2, 4, or 6).

Simplified I²C mode connection diagram



Simplified I²C mode serial transfer timing



- **Remark 1.** $R_b[\Omega]$: Communication line (SDAr) pull-up resistance, $C_b[F]$: Communication line (SCLr, SDAr) load capacitance
- **Remark 2.** r: IIC number (r = 00, 11, 20)
- **Remark 3.** f_{MCK} : Serial array unit operation clock frequency (Operation clock to be set by serial clock select register 0 (SPS0) and the CKS0n bit of serial mode register 0n (SMR0n). n: Channel number (n = 0, 1))

2.5.2 Serial interface IICA

 $[T_A = -40 \text{ to } +85^{\circ}\text{C}, 2.4 \text{ V} \le V_{DD} \le 5.5 \text{ V}, V_{SS} = 0 \text{ V}]$

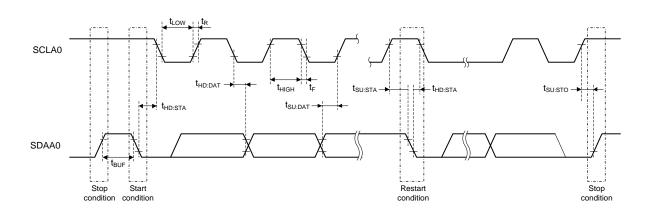
Item	Symbol	Condition	Standa	rd Mode	Fast	Mode	Unit
			MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	
SCLA0 clock frequency	f _{SCL}	Fast mode: f _{CLK} ≥ 3.5 MHz			0	400	kHz
		Standard mode: f _{CLK} ≥ 1 MHz	0	100			kHz
Setup time of restart condition	t _{SU:STA}		4.7		0.6		μs
Hold time ^{Note 1}	t _{HD:STA}		4.0		0.6		μs
Hold time when SCLA0 = "L"	t _{LOW}		4.7		1.3		μs
Hold time when SCLA0 = "H"	t _{HIGH}		4.0		0.6		μs
Data setup time (reception)	t _{SU:DAT}		250		100		ns
Data hold time (transmission) ^{Note 2}	t _{HD:DAT}		0	3.45	0	0.9	μs
Setup time of stop condition	t _{su:sto}		4.0		0.6		μs
Bus-free time	t _{BUF}		4.7		1.3		μs

- Note 1. The first clock pulse is generated after this period when the start or restart condition is detected.
- Note 2. The maximum value (MAX.) of thd:Dat applies to normal transfer and a wait is inserted at the ACK (acknowledge) timing.

Remark The maximum value of C_b (communication line capacitance) and the value of R_b (communication line pull-up resistance) at that time in each mode are as follows.

Standard mode: C_b = 400 pF, R_b = 2.7 k Ω Fast mode: C_b = 200 pF, R_b = 1.7 k Ω

IICA serial transfer timing



2.6 Analog Characteristics

2.6.1 A/D converter characteristics

Targets: ANI0 to ANI10, internal reference voltage, temperature sensor output voltage, and CTSU TSCAP voltage $[T_A = -40 \text{ to } +85^{\circ}\text{C}, 2.4 \text{ V} \le V_{DD} \le 5.5 \text{ V}, V_{SS} = 0 \text{ V}]$

Item	Symbol	Conditio	n	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Resolution	RES			8		10	bit
Overall error ^{Note 1, Note 2,}	AINL	10-bit resolution	$V_{DD} = 5 \text{ V}$		±1.7	±3.1	LSB
Note 3			$V_{DD} = 3 V$		±2.3	±4.5	LSB
Conversion time	t _{CONV}	10-bit resolution	$2.7 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{DD} \le 5.5 \text{ V}$	4.25		17	μs
		Targets: ANI0 to ANI10	2.4 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V Note 5	5.75		23	μs
		10-bit resolution Target: Internal reference voltage ^{Note 6}	2.4 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V	5.75		23	μs
		Target: Temperature sensor output voltage ^{Note 6}					
		Target: CTSU TSCAP voltage ^{Note 6}					
Zero-scale error E _{zs}	Ezs	10-bit resolution	$V_{DD} = 5 \text{ V}$			±0.19	%FSR
Note 1, Note 2, Note 3, Note 4			$V_{DD} = 3 V$			±0.39	%FSR
Full-scale error	E _{FS}	10-bit resolution	$V_{DD} = 5 V$			±0.29	%FSR
Note 1, Note 2, Note 3, Note 4			V _{DD} = 3 V			±0.42	%FSR
Integral linearity error	ILE	10-bit resolution	$V_{DD} = 5 V$			±1.8	LSB
Note 1, Note 2, Note 3			$V_{DD} = 3 V$			±1.7	LSB
Differential linearity	DLE	10-bit resolution	$V_{DD} = 5 \text{ V}$			±1.4	LSB
error ^{Note 1, Note 2, Note 3}			$V_{DD} = 3 V$			±1.5	LSB
Analog input voltage	V_{AIN}	Targets: ANI0 to ANI10	ets: ANI0 to ANI10			V_{DD}	V
		Target: Internal reference volt	V _{REG} Note 7			V	
		Target: Temperature sensor of		V			
		Target: CTSU TSCAP voltage	$(2.4 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{DD} \le 5.5 \text{ V})$		V_{TSCAP}		V

- Note 1. The TYP. value is an average value at $T_A = 25$ °C. The MAX. value is an average value $\pm 3\sigma$ at normal distribution.
- Note 2. These values are the results of characteristic evaluation and are not checked for shipment.
- Note 3. A quantization error (±1/2 LSB) is not included.
- Note 4. Expressed as a ratio (%FSR) relative to the full-scale value.
- Note 5. Be sure to set the LV0 bit in A/D converter mode register 0 (ADM0) to 0 when conversion is done in the operating voltage range of $2.4 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{DD} < 2.7 \text{ V}$.
- Note 6. Be sure to set the LV0 bit in A/D converter mode register 0 (ADM0) to 0 when the internal reference voltage, temperature sensor output voltage, or CTSU TSCAP voltage is selected as the target for conversion.
- Note 7. Refer to **2.6.3 Temperature sensor/internal reference** voltage characteristics.



- Caution 1. Arrange wiring and insert the capacitor so that no noise appears on the power supply/ground line.
- Caution 2. Do not allow any pulses that rapidly change such as digital signals to be input/output to/from the pins adjacent to the conversion pin during A/D conversion.
- Caution 3. Note that the internal reference voltage cannot be used as the reference voltage of the comparator when the internal reference voltage is selected as the target for A/D conversion.

2.6.2 Comparator characteristics

 $[T_A = -40 \text{ to } +85^{\circ}\text{C}, 2.4 \text{ V} \le V_{DD} \le 5.5 \text{ V}, V_{SS} = 0 \text{ V}]$

Item	Symbol	Condition	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit	
Input voltage range	I _{VREF}	IVREFn pin input (CnVRF bit = 0))	0		V _{DD} - 1.4	V
		Internal reference voltage (CnVR		V _{REG} Note 2		V	
	I _{VCMP}	IVCMPn pin input	-0.3		V _{DD} + 0.3	V	
Output delay	t _d	$V_{DD} = 3.0 \text{ V},$	High-speed mode			0.5	μs
		input slew rate > 50 mV/µs	Low-speed mode		2.0		μs
Operation stabilization wait time	t _{CMP}			100			μs

- Note 1. When the internal reference voltage is selected as the reference voltage of the comparator, the internal reference voltage cannot be used as the target for A/D conversion.
- Note 2. Refer to 2.6.3 Temperature sensor/internal reference voltage characteristics.

Remark n: Channel number (n = 0, 1)

2.6.3 Temperature sensor/internal reference voltage characteristics

 $[T_A = -40 \text{ to } +85^{\circ}\text{C}, 2.4 \text{ V} \le V_{DD} \le 5.5 \text{ V}, V_{SS} = 0 \text{ V}]$

Item	Symbol	Condition	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Temperature sensor output voltage	V_{TMPS25}			1.05		V
Internal reference voltage	V_{REG}		0.74	0.815	0.89	V
Temperature coefficient	F _{VTMPS}	Temperature dependence of the temperature sensor voltage		-3.6		mV/°C
Operation stabilization wait time	t _{AMP}	A/D converter is used (ADS register = 0DH)	5			μs

Caution The internal reference voltage cannot be simultaneously used by the A/D converter and the comparator; only one of them must be selected.

2.6.4 SPOR circuit characteristics

 $[T_A = -40 \text{ to } +85^{\circ}\text{C}, V_{SS} = 0 \text{ V}]$

Ite	em	Symbol	Condition	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Detection voltage	Power supply	V _{SPOR0}	Power supply rising	4.08	4.28	4.45	V
	voltage level	V_{SPDR0}	Power supply falling	4.00	4.20	4.37	V
	V _{SPOR1}	Power supply rising	2.76	2.90	3.02	V	
	V _{SPDR1}	Power supply falling	2.70	2.84	2.96	V	
	V_{SPOR2}	Power supply rising	2.44	2.57	2.68	V	
		V_{SPDR2}	Power supply falling	2.40	2.52	2.62	V
	V_{SPOR3}	Power supply rising		2.16		V	
	V_{SPDR3}	Power supply falling		2.11		V	
Minimum pulse wid	dth ^{Note 1}	T _{SPW}		300			μs

Note 1. Time required for the reset operation by the SPOR circuit when V_{DD} falls below V_{SPDR} .

Caution Make sure to keep the internal reset state by the SPOR or an external reset until the power supply voltage (V_{DD}) reaches the operating voltage range shown in 2.4 AC Characteristics.

2.6.5 Power supply voltage rising slope characteristics

 $[T_A = -40 \text{ to } +85^{\circ}\text{C}, V_{SS} = 0 \text{ V}]$

Item	Symbol	Condition	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Power supply voltage rising slope	S_{VDD}				54	V/ms

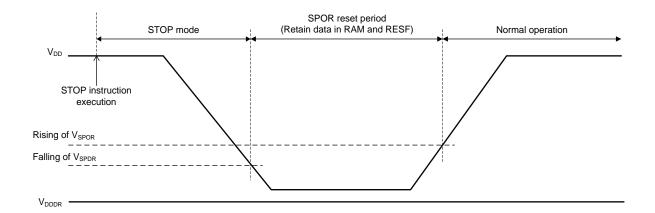
Caution Make sure to keep the internal reset state by the SPOR or an external reset until the power supply voltage (V_{DD}) reaches the operating voltage range shown in 2.4 AC Characteristics.

2.7 RAM Data Retention Characteristics

 $[T_A = -40 \text{ to } +85^{\circ}\text{C}, V_{SS} = 0 \text{ V}]$

Item	Symbol	Condition	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Data retention power supply voltage	V_{DDDR}		1.9		5.5	V

Caution Data in RAM is retained until the power supply voltage falls below the MIN. value of the data retention power supply voltage (V_{DDDR}). Note that data in the RESF register might not be cleared even if the power supply voltage falls below the MIN. value of the data retention power supply voltage (V_{DDDR}).



2.8 Flash Memory Programming Characteristics

 $[T_A = -40 \text{ to } +85^{\circ}\text{C}, 2.4 \text{ V} \le V_{DD} \le 5.5 \text{ V}, V_{SS} = 0 \text{ V}]$

Item	Symbol	Condition		MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Number of code flash rewrites	C_{erwr}	Retained for 20 years	T _A = +85°C	1000			Times
Number of data flash rewrites Note 1, Note 2		Retained for 1 year	T _A = +25°C		1,000,000		Times
		Retained for 5 years	T _A = +85°C	100,000			Times
		Retained for 20 years	T _A = +85°C	10,000			Times

- Note 1. 1 erase + 1 write after the erase is regarded as 1 rewrite. The retaining years are until next rewrite after the rewrite.
- Note 2. These are the characteristics of the flash memory and the results obtained from reliability testing by Renesas Electronics.

Code flash/data flash self-programming time

 $[T_A = -40 \text{ to } +85^{\circ}\text{C}, 2.4 \text{ V} \le V_{DD} \le 5.5 \text{ V}, V_{SS} = 0 \text{ V}]$

Item	Symbol		f _{CLK} = 1 MHz		f	Unit		
		MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	
Writing (4 bytes)	t _{P4}		104	905		53.8	504.9	μs
Block erasure (1 KB)	t _{E1K}		7.9	262.3		5.5	214.1	ms

Caution The listed values do not include the time until the operations of the flash memory start following execution of an instruction by software.

2.9 Dedicated Flash Memory Programmer Communication (UART)

 $[T_A = -40 \text{ to } +85^{\circ}\text{C}, 2.4 \text{ V} \le V_{DD} \le 5.5 \text{ V}, V_{SS} = 0 \text{ V}]$

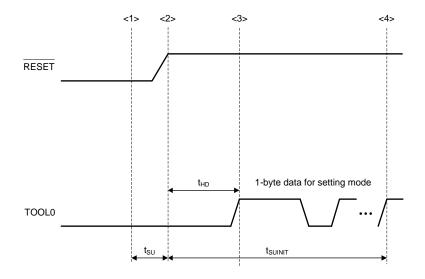
	Item	Symbol	Condition	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
-	Transfer rate				115,200		bps

Remark The transfer rate during flash memory programming is fixed to 115,200 bps.

2.10 Timing of Entry to Flash Memory Programming Mode

 $[T_A = -40 \text{ to } +85^{\circ}\text{C}, 2.4 \text{ V} \le V_{DD} \le 5.5 \text{ V}, V_{SS} = 0 \text{ V}]$

Item	Symbol	Condition	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Time to complete the communication for the initial setting after the external reset is released	t _{SUINIT}	The SPOR reset must be released before the external reset is released.			100	ms
Time to release the external reset after the TOOL0 pin is set to the low level	t _{su}	The SPOR reset must be released before the external reset is released.	10			μs
Time to hold the TOOL0 pin at the low level after the external reset is released	t _{HD}	The SPOR reset must be released before the external reset is released.	1			ms



- <1> The low level is input to the TOOL0 pin.
- <2> The external reset is released (the SPOR reset must have been released before that).
- <3> The TOOL0 pin is released from the low level.
- <4> Setting of entry to the flash memory programming mode by UART reception is completed.

Remark tsuinit: During this period, the communications for the initial setting must be completed within 100 ms after release from the reset.

tsu: Time to release the external reset after the TOOL0 pin is set to the low level

thd: Time to hold the TOOL0 pin at the low level after the external reset is released

3. ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS ($T_A = -40 \text{ to } +105^{\circ}\text{C}$, $T_A = -40 \text{ to } +125^{\circ}\text{C}$)

This chapter describes the electrical specifications of the following target products.

Target product G: Industrial applications $T_A = -40 \text{ to } +105^{\circ}\text{C}$

Target product M: Industrial applications $T_A = -40 \text{ to } +125^{\circ}\text{C}$

- Caution 1. The RL78 microcontrollers have an on-chip debug function, which is provided for development and evaluation. Do not use the on-chip debug function in products designated for mass production, because the guaranteed number of rewritable times of the flash memory may be exceeded when this function is used, and product reliability therefore cannot be guaranteed. Renesas Electronics is not liable for problems occurring when the on-chip debug function is used.
- Caution 2. The pins mounted depend on the product. Refer to 2.1 Port Function, for the port functions, and 2.2.1 Functions for each product, for the other functions, in the RL78/G16 User's Manual.

3.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

 $[T_A = 25^{\circ}C]$

Item	Symbol		Condition	Rating	Unit
Supply voltage	V_{DD}			-0.5 to +6.5	V
Input voltage	V _{I1}			-0.3 to V _{DD} + 0.3 ^{Note 1}	V
Output voltage	V _{O1}			-0.3 to V _{DD} + 0.3	V
Output current, high	I _{OH1}	Per pin		-40	mA
		Total of all pins	P06, P07, P20 to P23, P40 to P43, P121, P122, P125	-70	mA
		-170mA	P00 to P05, P10 to P17	-100	mA
Output current, low	I _{OL1}	Per pin		40	mA
		Total of all pins	P06, P07, P20 to P23, P40 to P43, P121, P122, P125	100	mA
		170mA	P00 to P05, P10 to P17, P60, P61	100	mA
Operating ambient	T _A	G products		-40 to +105	°C
temperature		M products		-40 to +125	°C
Storage temperature	T _{stg}			-65 to +150	°C

Note 1. This must be no greater than 6.5 V.

Caution Product quality may suffer if the absolute maximum rating is exceeded even momentarily for any item. That is, the absolute maximum ratings are rated values at which the product is on the verge of suffering physical damage, and therefore the product must be used under conditions that ensure that the absolute maximum ratings are not exceeded.

- **Remark 1.** The characteristics of functions multiplexed on a given pin are the same as those for the port pin unless otherwise specified.
- Remark 2. The reference voltage is Vss.

3.2 Oscillator Characteristics

3.2.1 X1 and XT1 oscillator characteristics

 $[T_A = -40 \text{ to } +105^{\circ}\text{C}: G \text{ products}, T_A = -40 \text{ to } +125^{\circ}\text{C}: M \text{ products}, 2.4 \text{ V} \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}, V_{SS} = 0 \text{ V}]$

Item	Resonator	Condition	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
X1 clock oscillation frequency (fx) ^{Note 1}	Ceramic resonator/ crystal resonator	$2.4 \text{ V} \leq \text{V}_{DD} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$	1		12	MHz
XT1 clock oscillation frequency (f _{XT}) ^{Note 1}	Crystal resonator		32	32.768	35	kHz

Note 1. Indicates only permissible oscillator frequency ranges. Refer to **3.4 AC Characteristics** for instruction execution time. For actual applications, request evaluation by the manufacturer of the oscillator circuit mounted on a board so you can use appropriate values.

Caution Since the CPU is started by the high-speed on-chip oscillator clock after release from the reset state, the user should use the oscillation stabilization time counter status register (OSTC) to check the X1 clock oscillation stabilization time. Specify the values for the oscillation stabilization time in the OSTC register and the oscillation stabilization time select register (OSTS) after having sufficiently evaluated the oscillation stabilization time with the resonator to be used.

Remark When using the X1 or XT1 oscillator, refer to 5.4 System Clock Oscillator in the RL78/G16 User's Manual.

3.2.2 On-chip oscillator characteristics

[T_A = -40 to +105°C: G products, T_A = -40 to +125°C: M products, 2.4 V \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5 V, V_{SS} = 0 V]

Item	Symbol	Condition	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
High-speed on-chip oscillator clock frequency ^{Note 1, Note 2}	f _{IH}		1		16	MHz
High-speed on-chip oscillator clock		T _A = +85 to +125°C	-1.5		+1.5	%
frequency accuracy		$T_A = -20 \text{ to } +85^{\circ}\text{C}$	-1.0		+1.0	%
		$T_A = -40 \text{ to } -20^{\circ}\text{C}$	-1.5		+1.5	%
Low-speed on-chip oscillator clock frequency	f _{IL}			15		kHz
Low-speed on-chip oscillator clock frequency accuracy			-15		+15	%

Note 1. The high-speed on-chip oscillator frequency is selected by bits 0 to 2 of option byte (00C2H) and bits 0 to 2 of the HOCODIV register.

Note 2. The listed values only indicate the characteristics of the oscillators. Refer to **3.4 AC Characteristics** for instruction execution time.

3.3 **DC Characteristics**

3.3.1 Pin characteristics

 $[T_A = -40 \text{ to } +105^{\circ}\text{C}: G \text{ products}, T_A = -40 \text{ to } +125^{\circ}\text{C}: M \text{ products}, 2.4 \text{ V} \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}, V_{SS} = 0 \text{ V}]$

(1/2)

Item	Symbol	Co	ondition		MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Output current, high ^{Note 1}	I _{OH1}	Per pin for P00 to P07, P10 to P122, P125	P17, P20 to P	23, P40 to P43, P121,			-3.0 ^{Note 2}	mA
		Total of P06, P07, P20 to	4.0 V ≤ V _{DD} :	≤ 5.5 V			-25.0	mA
		P23, P40 to P43, P121, P122, P125	2.4 V ≤ V _{DD} ·	< 4.0 V			-7.0	mA
		(when duty ≤ 70% ^{Note 3}) Total of P00 to P05, P10 to	4.0 V ≤ V _{DD} :	< 5.5 V			-24.0	mA
		P17 (when duty ≤ 70% ^{Note 3})	2.4 V ≤ V _{DD}				-6.0	mA
		Total of all pins (when duty ≤ 7	0% ^{Note 3})				-40.0	mA
Output current, I _{OL1}		Per pin for P00 to P07, P10 to P122, P125			8.5 ^{Note 2}	mA		
		Per pin for P60, P61			15.0 ^{Note 2}	mA		
		Total of P06, P07, P20 to	4.0 V ≤ V _{DD}	$T_A = -40 \text{ to } +105^{\circ}\text{C}$			50.0 ^{Note 5}	mA
		P23, P40 to P43, P121, P122, P125	≤ 5.5 V	$T_A = -40 \text{ to } +125^{\circ}\text{C}$			40.0	mA
		(when duty ≤ 70% ^{Note 3})	2.7 V ≤ V _{DD} ·			10.5	mA	
		,	2.4 V ≤ V _{DD} ·	< 2.7 V			4.2	mA
		Total of P00 to P05, P10 to	4.0 V ≤ V _{DD}	$T_A = -40 \text{ to } +105^{\circ}\text{C}$			50.0 ^{Note 5}	mA
		P17, P60, P61	≤ 5.5 V	$T_A = -40 \text{ to } +125^{\circ}\text{C}$			40.0	mA
		(when duty ≤ 70% ^{Note 3})	2.7 V ≤ V _{DD} ·	< 4.0 V			9.0	mA
			2.4 V ≤ V _{DD} < 2.7 V				3.6	mA
		Total of all pins (when duty ≤ 70	0% ^{Note 3})	$T_A = -40 \text{ to } +105^{\circ}\text{C}$			80.0	mA
				$T_A = -40 \text{ to } +125^{\circ}\text{C}$			60.0	mA

- Note 1. Device operation is guaranteed at the listed currents even if current is flowing from the V_{DD} pin to an output
- Note 2. The value for maximum total current must not be exceeded.
- Note 3. The listed currents apply when the duty cycle is no greater than 70%. Use the following formula to calculate the output current when the duty cycle is greater than 70%, where n is the duty cycle.
 - Total output current from the listed pins = $(I_{OH} \times 0.7)/(n \times 0.01)$ Example when n = 80% and $I_{OH} = -10.0$ mA Total output current from the listed pins = $(-10.0 \times 0.7)/(80 \times 0.01) \cong -8.7$ mA

 - Total output current from the listed pins = $(I_{OL} \times 0.7)/(n \times 0.01)$

Example when n = 80% and $I_{OL} = 10.0$ mA

Total output current from the listed pins = $(10.0 \times 0.7)/(80 \times 0.01) \approx 8.7$ mA

Note that the duty cycle has no effect on the current that is allowed to flow into a single pin. A current higher than the absolute maximum rating must not flow into a single pin.

- Note 4. Device operation is guaranteed at the listed currents even if current is flowing from an output pin to the Vss pin.
- Note 5. When the multiplexed TSm pin is used as a mutual-capacitance transmit pin, the value is 40 mA.
- Caution P00, P01, P03 to P07, P14, P16, P17, P20, P22, and P41 do not output high level in N-ch open-drain mode.
- **Remark** The characteristics of functions multiplexed on a given pin are the same as those for the port pin unless otherwise specified.

[T_A = -40 to +105°C: G products, T_A = -40 to +125°C: M products, 2.4 V \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5 V, V_{SS} = 0 V]

(2/2)

Item	Symbol		Condition		MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Input voltage, high	V _{IH1}				0.8 V _{DD}		V_{DD}	V
	V _{IH2}	P60, P61			0.7 V _{DD}		6.0	V
Input voltage, low	V _{IL1}				0		0.2 V _{DD}	V
	V _{IL2}	P60, P61			0		0.3 V _{DD}	V
Output voltage, high	V _{OH1}	4.0 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤	≤ 5.5 V	I _{OH} = −3.0 mA	V _{DD} - 0.7			V
Note 1		2.4 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤	≤ 5.5 V	I _{OH} = −1.0 mA	V _{DD} - 0.5			V
Output voltage, low	V _{OL1}	4.0 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤	≤ 5.5 V	I _{OL} = 8.5 mA			0.7	V
Note 2		2.7 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤	≤ 5.5 V	I _{OL} = 1.5 mA			0.5	V
		2.4 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤	≤ 5.5 V	I _{OL} = 0.6 mA			0.4	V
		P60, P61	4.0 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤	I _{OL} = 15 mA			2.0	V
			5.5 V	I _{OL} = 5 mA			0.4	V
			2.7 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤	I _{OL} = 3.0 mA			0.4	V
			5.5 V	I _{OL} = 2.0 mA			0.4	V
			2.4 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V	I _{OL} = 1.0 mA			0.4	V
Input leakage current, high	I _{LIH1}	P00 to P07, P60, P61, P1 V _I =V _{DD}		D P23, P40 to P43,			1	μA
	I _{LIH2}		(X1, X2, XT1, , EXCLKS)	In input port or external clock input			1	μA
		$V_I = V_{DD}$		In resonator connection			10	μA
Input leakage current, low	I _{LIL1}	P00 to P07, P60, P61, P1 V _I = V _{SS}		D P23, P40 to P43,			-1	μА
	I _{LIL2}	P121, P122 (XT2, EXCLK	(X1, X2, XT1, ,, EXCLKS)	In input port or external clock input			-1	μA
		$V_{I} = V_{SS}$					-10	μA
On-chip pull-up resistance	Rυ	Except P60 a	and P61 V _I = V _{SS}		10	20	100	kΩ

- Note 1. The value under the condition which satisfies the high-level output current (I_{OH1}).
- Note 2. The value under the condition which satisfies the low-level output current (IoL1).
- Caution The maximum value of V_{IH} of P00, P01, P03 to P07, P14, P16, P17, P20, P22, and P41 is V_{DD} even in N-ch open-drain mode. These pins do not output high level in N-ch open-drain mode.
- **Remark** The characteristics of functions multiplexed on a given pin are the same as those for the port pin unless otherwise specified.

3.3.2 Supply current characteristics

[T_A = -40 to +105°C: G products, T_A = -40 to +125°C: M products, 2.4 V \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5 V, V_{SS} = 0 V]

Item	Symbol			Condition		MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Supply current ^{Note 1}	I _{DD1}	Operating mode	Basic operation	f _{IH} = 16 MHz ^{Note 4}	V _{DD} = 3.0 V, 5.0 V		0.97		mA
			Normal	f _{IH} = 16 MHz ^{Note 4}	V _{DD} = 3.0 V, 5.0 V		2.11	2.78	mA
			operation	f _{IH} = 4 MHz ^{Note 4}	V _{DD} = 3.0 V, 5.0 V		1.22	1.65	mA
				f _{EX} = 16 MHz ^{Note 5, Note 6} V _{DD} = 3.0 V, 5.0 V	Square wave input		1.97	2.64	mA
				$f_X = 12 \text{ MHz}^{\text{Note 5}, \text{ Note 6}}$ $V_{DD} = 3.0 \text{ V}, 5.0 \text{ V}$	Resonator connection		1.79	2.51	mA
				f _{MX} = 4 MHz ^{Note 5, Note 6}	Square wave input		1.07	1.5	mA
				$V_{DD} = 3.0 \text{ V}, 5.0 \text{ V}$	Resonator connection		1.12	1.56	mA
				f _{SUB} = 32.768 kHz ^{Note 7}	Square wave input		3.65	5.80	mA
				T _A = -40°C	Resonator connection		3.70	6.00	mA
				f _{SUB} = 32.768 kHz ^{Note 7}	Square wave input		3.90	5.80	mA
				T _A = +25°C	Resonator connection		4.18	6.00	mA
				f _{SUB} = 32.768 kHz ^{Note 7}	Square wave input		4.04	6.20	mA
				T _A = +50°C	Resonator connection		4.37	6.40	mA
				f _{SUB} = 32.768 kHz ^{Note 7}	Square wave input		4.20	6.50	mA
				T _A = +70°C	Resonator connection		4.56	6.70	mA
				f _{SUB} = 32.768 kHz ^{Note 7}	Square wave input		4.40	7.80	mA
				T _A = +85°C	Resonator connection		4.80	8.00	mA
				f _{SUB} = 32.768 kHz ^{Note 7}	Square wave input		4.92	9.12	mA
				T _A = +105°C	Resonator connection		5.36	9.32	mA
				f _{SUB} = 32.768 kHz ^{Note 7}	Square wave input		6.14	15.37	mA
				T _A = +125°C	Resonator connection		6.60	15.57	mA

Item	Symbol		Condition		MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Supply	I _{DD2} Note 2	HALT mode	f _{IH} = 16 MHz ^{Note 4}	V _{DD} = 3.0 V, 5.0 V		385	824	μA
current ^{Note 1}			f _{IH} = 4 MHz ^{Note 4}	V _{DD} = 3.0 V, 5.0 V		334	637	μA
			$f_{EX} = 16 \text{ MHz}^{\text{Note 5, Note 6}}$ $V_{DD} = 3.0 \text{ V}, 5.0 \text{ V}$	Square wave input		229	669	μA
			$f_X = 12 \text{ MHz}^{\text{Note 5, Note 6}}$ $V_{DD} = 3.0 \text{ V}, 5.0 \text{ V}$	Resonator connection		351	960	μА
			f _{MX} = 4 MHz ^{Note 5, Note 6}	Square wave input		167	459	μA
			$V_{DD} = 3.0 \text{ V}, 5.0 \text{ V}$	Resonator connection		226	620	μA
			f _{SUB} = 32.768 kHz ^{Note 8}	Square wave input		0.69	1.45	mA
			T _A = −40°C	Resonator connection		0.75	1.65	mA
			T .0500	Square wave input		0.75	1.45	mA
				Resonator connection		1.04	1.65	mA
			f _{SUB} = 32.768 kHz ^{Note 8}	Square wave input		0.84	1.74	mA
			$T_A = +50$ °C	Resonator connection		1.20	1.94	mA
			f _{SUB} = 32.768 kHz ^{Note 8}	Square wave input		0.97	2.20	mA
			$T_A = +70$ °C	Resonator connection		1.33	2.40	mA
			$f_{SUB} = 32.768 \text{ kHz}^{\text{Note 8}}$	Square wave input		1.13	3.10	mA
			$T_A = +85^{\circ}C$	Resonator connection		1.51	3.30	mA
			f _{SUB} = 32.768 kHz ^{Note 8}	Square wave input		1.58	8.92	mA
			$T_A = +105^{\circ}C$	Resonator connection		1.99	9.12	mA
			f _{SUB} = 32.768 kHz ^{Note 8}	Square wave input		2.68	10.67	mA
			T _A = +125°C	Resonator connection		3.12	10.87	mA
	I _{DD3} Note 3	STOP mode ^{Note 9}	$V_{DD} = 3.0 \text{ V}$	T _A = +105°C		0.62	4.12	μA
				T _A = +125°C		0.62	10.37	μA

Note 1. The listed currents are the total currents flowing into V_{DD} , including the input leakage currents flowing when the level of the input pin is fixed to V_{DD} or V_{SS} .

Regarding the values for main system clock operation, the TYP. value does not include the peripheral operating current. The MAX. value includes the peripheral operating current, but does not include those flowing into the A/D converter, comparator, capacitive touch sensing unit (CTSU), I/O port, and on-chip pull-up/pull-down resistors.

Regarding the values for subsystem clock operation, the TYP. and MAX. values do not include the peripheral operating current. However, in HALT mode, the current flowing into the RTC is included.

Regarding the values in STOP mode, the TYP. and MAX. values do not include the peripheral operating current.

- Note 2. When the HALT instruction is executed from the flash memory.
- Note 3. The listed currents do not include the current flowing into real-time clock 2, the clock output/buzzer output controller, 12-bit interval timer, and watchdog timer.
- Note 4. When the high-speed system clock and subsystem clock are stopped.
- Note 5. When the high-speed on-chip oscillator and subsystem clock are stopped.
- Note 6. 16-pin, 20-pin, 24-pin, and 32-pin products only.
- Note 7. When the high-speed on-chip oscillator and high-speed system clock are stopped. When AMPHS1 = 1 (ultra-low power consumption oscillation). However, not including the current flowing into real-time clock 2, the 12-bit interval timer, watchdog timer, and capacitive touch sensing unit.

- Note 8. When the high-speed on-chip oscillator and high-speed system clock are stopped. When RTCLPC = 1 and AMPHS1 = 1 (ultra-low power consumption oscillation).
- Note 9. Regarding the value for current to operate the subsystem clock in STOP mode, refer to that in HALT mode.
- Remark 1. f_{IH}: High-speed on-chip oscillator clock frequency
- **Remark 2.** f_{MX}: High-speed system clock frequency (X1 clock oscillation frequency or external main system clock frequency)
- **Remark 3.** Except for subsystem clock operation, the temperature condition of the TYP. value is $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$.
- Remark 4. f_{SUB}: Subsystem clock frequency (XT1 clock oscillation frequency)

Peripheral Functions

[T_A = -40 to +105°C: G products, T_A = -40 to +125°C: M products, 2.4 V \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5 V, V_{SS} = 0 V]

Item	Symbol	Cond	lition	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Low-speed on-chip oscillator operating current	I _{FIL} Note 1				0.30		μΑ
RTC2 operating current	I _{RTC} Note 1, Note 2, Note 8	f _{SUB} = 32.768 kHz	:		0.02		μΑ
12-bit interval timer operating current	I _{TMKA} Note 1, Note 2, Note 3				0.02		μΑ
Watchdog timer operating current	I _{WDT} Note 1, Note 4				0.02		μΑ
A/D converter operating current	I _{ADC}	In conversion at	V _{DD} = 5.0 V		1.30	1.90	mA
	Note 1, Note 5	maximum speed	V _{DD} = 3.0 V		0.50		mA
Temperature sensor operating current	I _{TMPS} Note 1				75.0		μA
Comparator operating current	I _{CMP} Note 1, Note 6	In high-speed mode	V _{DD} = 5.0 V		6.50		μΑ
		In low-speed mode	V _{DD} = 5.0 V		1.70		μΑ
Internal reference voltage operating current	I _{VREG} Note 1				10		μΑ
Self-programming operating current	I _{FSP} Note 1, Note 7				2.0	12.20	mA

- Note 1. The current flowing into V_{DD}.
- Note 2. When the high-speed on-chip oscillator and high-speed system clock are stopped.
- Note 3. This current only flows into the 12-bit interval timer. It does not include the operating current of the low-speed on-chip oscillator and XT1 oscillator. The supply current of the RL78 microcontrollers is the sum of I_{DD1}, I_{DD2} or I_{DD3} and I_{FIL} and I_{TMKA} when the 12-bit interval timer is in operation.
- Note 4. This current only flows into the watchdog timer. It does not include the operating current of the low-speed onchip oscillator. The supply current of the RL78 microcontrollers is the sum of I_{DD1}, I_{DD2} or I_{DD3} and I_{FIL} and I_{WDT} when the watchdog timer is in operation.
- Note 5. This current only flows into the A/D converter. The supply current of the RL78 microcontrollers is the sum of I_{DD1} or I_{DD2} and I_{ADC} when the A/D converter is operating or in the HALT mode.
- Note 6. This current only flows into a single comparator. The supply current of the RL78 microcontrollers is the sum of I_{DD1}, I_{DD2} or I_{DD3} and I_{CMP} when the comparator is in operation.
- Note 7. This current only flows during self-programming.
- Note 8. This current only flows into real-time clock 2. It does not include the operating current of the low-speed on-chip oscillator and XT1 oscillator. The supply current of the RL78 microcontrollers is the sum of the values of either I_{DD1} or I_{DD2}, and I_{RTC}, when real-time clock 2 operates in operation mode or HALT mode. When the low-speed on-chip oscillator is selected, I_{FIL} should be added. I_{DD2} subsystem clock operation includes the operational current of real-time clock 2.
- **Remark** The temperature condition of the TYP. value is $T_A = 25$ °C.

3.4 AC Characteristics

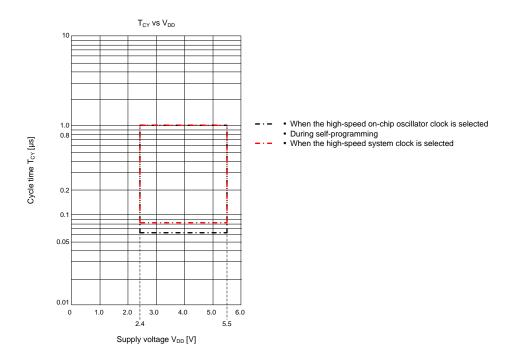
[T_A = -40 to +105°C: G products, T_A = -40 to +125°C: M products, 2.4 V \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5 V, V_{SS} = 0 V]

Item	Symbol		Condition	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Instruction cycle (minimum instruction execution time)	T _{CY}	When high-speed on-chip oscillator clock (f _{IH}) is selected	2.4 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V	0.0625		1.0	μs
		When high-speed system clock (f _{MX}) is selected	2.4 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V	0.0833		1.0	μs
		Subsystem clock (f _{SUB}) operation	2.4 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V	28.5	30.5	31.3	μs
		In the self-programming mode	2.4 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V	0.0625		1.0	μs
External system clock frequency	f _{EX}	2.4 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V	.4 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V			16	MHz
External system clock input high-level width, low-level width	t _{EXH} , t _{EXL}	2.4 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V	2.4 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V				ns
TI00 to TI07 input high-level width, low-level width	tтін, tті∟	Noise filter is not used		1/f _{MCK} + 10			ns
TO00 to TO07 output	f _{TO}	4.0 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V				8	MHz
frequency		2.7 V ≤ V _{DD} < 4.0 V				5	MHz
		2.4 V ≤ V _{DD} < 2.7 V				4	MHz
PCLBUZ0 output frequency	f _{PCL}	4.0 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V				10	MHz
		2.7 V ≤ V _{DD} < 4.0 V				5	MHz
		2.4 V ≤ V _{DD} < 2.7 V				4	MHz
RESET low-level width	t _{RSL}			10			μs

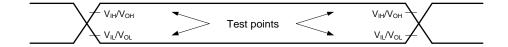
Remark f_{MCK}: Timer array unit operating clock frequency

(Operation clock to be set by timer clock select register 0 (TPS0) and the CKS0n1 bit of timer mode register 0n (TMR0n). n: Channel number (n = 0 to 7).)

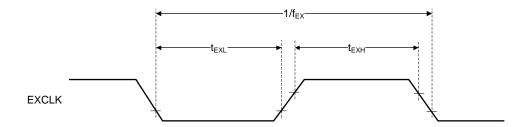
Minimum Instruction Execution Time during Main System Clock Operation



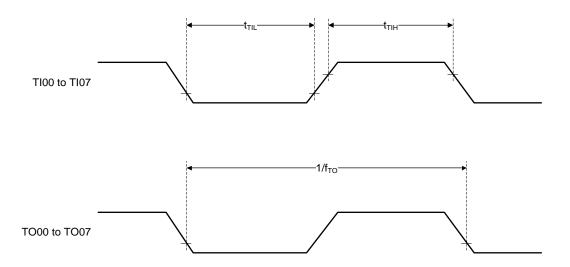
At AC Timing



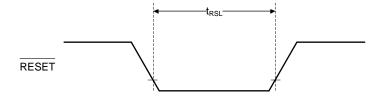
External System Clock Timing



TI/TO Timing

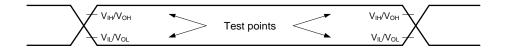


RESET Input Timing



3.5 Serial Interface Characteristics

AC Timing Test Points



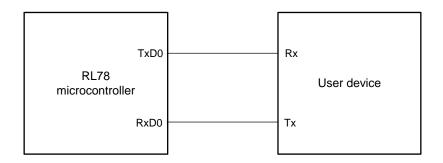
3.5.1 Serial array unit

(1) UART mode

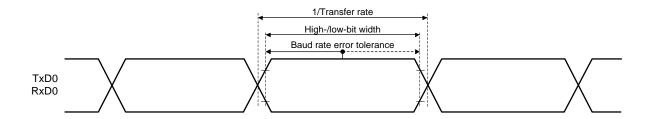
[T_A = -40 to +105°C: G products, T_A = -40 to +125°C: M products, 2.4 V \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5 V, V_{SS} = 0 V]

Item	Symbol	Condition	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Transfer rate					f _{MCK} /12	bps
		Theoretical value of the maximum transfer rate			1.3	Mbps
		$f_{CLK} = f_{MCK} = 16 \text{ MHz}$				

UART mode connection diagram



UART mode bit width (reference)



Remark f_{MCK}: Serial array unit operation clock frequency

(Operation clock to be set by serial clock select register m (SPSm) and the CKSmn bit of serial mode register mn (SMRmn). m: Unit number, n: Channel number (mn = 00, 11, 20))



(2) Simplified SPI (CSI) mode (master mode, SCKp... internal clock output)

[T_A = -40 to +105°C: G products, T_A = -40 to +125°C: M products, 2.4 V ≤ V_{DD} ≤ 5.5 V, V_{SS} = 0 V]

Item	Symbol	Condition		MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
SCKp cycle time	t _{KCY1}	$t_{KCY1} \ge 4/f_{CLK}$	$2.7 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{DD} \le 5.5 \text{ V}$	250			ns
			$2.4 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{\text{DD}} \le 5.5 \text{ V}$	500			ns
SCKp high-/low-level width	t _{KH1} , t _{KL1}			t _{KCY1} /2 - 36			ns
				t _{KCY1} /2 - 76			ns
SIp setup time	t _{SIK1}	$2.7 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{DD} \le 5.5 \text{ V}$		66			ns
(to SCKp ↑) ^{Note 1}		2.4 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V		113			ns
SIp hold time (from SCKp ↑) ^{Note 1}	t _{KSI1}			38			ns
Delay time from SCKp ↓ to SOp output ^{Note 2}	t _{KSO1}	C = 30 pF ^{Note 3, Note 4}				66	ns

- Note 1. When DAP0n = 0 and CKP0n = 0, or DAP0n = 1 and CKP0n = 1. The SIp setup time becomes "to SCKp ↓" and the SIp hold time becomes "from SCKp ↓" when DAP0n = 0 and CKP0n = 1, or DAP0n = 1 and CKP0n = 0.
- Note 2. When DAP0n = 0 and CKP0n = 0, or DAP0n = 1 and CKP0n = 1. The delay time to SOp output becomes "from SCKp \downarrow " when DAP0n = 0 and CKP0n = 1, or DAP0n = 1 and CKP0n = 0.
- Note 3. C is the load capacitance of the SCKp and SOp output lines.
- Note 4. External loads on P60 and P61 in the case of the SOp output line: $R = 1 k\Omega$, C = 30 pF

(3) Simplified SPI (CSI) mode (slave mode, SCKp... external clock input)

[T_A = -40 to +105°C: G products, T_A = -40 to +125°C: M products, 2.4 V \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5 V, V_{SS} = 0 V]

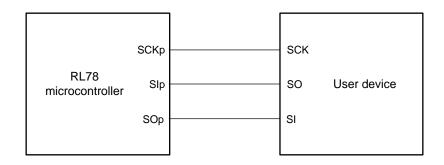
Item	Symbol	Con	dition	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
SCKp cycle time	t _{KCY2}	2.7 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V		12/f _{MCK}			ns
		2.4 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V		12/f _{MCK} and also 1000			ns
SCKp high-/low-level width	t _{KH2} ,t _{KL2}	$2.7 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{DD} \le 5.5 \text{ V}$		t _{KCY2} /2 - 16			ns
		$2.4 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{DD} \le 5.5 \text{ V}$		t _{KCY2} /2 - 36			ns
SIp setup time	t _{SIK2}	2.7 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V		1/f _{MCK} + 40			ns
(to SCKp ↑) ^{Note 1}		2.4 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V		1/f _{MCK} + 60			ns
SIp hold time (from SCKp ↑) ^{Note 1}	t _{KSI2}	2.4 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V		1/f _{MCK} + 62			ns
Delay time from SCKp ↓ to SOp	t _{KSO2}	C = 30 pF	$2.7 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{DD} \le 5.5 \text{ V}$			2/f _{MCK} + 66	ns
output Note 2		Note 3, Note 4	2.4V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5V			2/f _{MCK} + 113	ns

- Note 1. When DAP0n = 0 and CKP0n = 0, or DAP0n = 1 and CKP0n = 1. The SIp setup time becomes "to SCKp ↓" and the SIp hold time becomes "from SCKp ↓" when DAP0n = 0 and CKP0n = 1, or DAP0n = 1 and CKP0n = 0.
- Note 2. When DAP0n = 0 and CKP0n = 0, or DAP0n = 1 and CKP0n = 1. The delay time to SOp output becomes "from SCKp \downarrow " when DAP0n = 0 and CKP0n = 1, or DAP0n = 1 and CKP0n = 0.

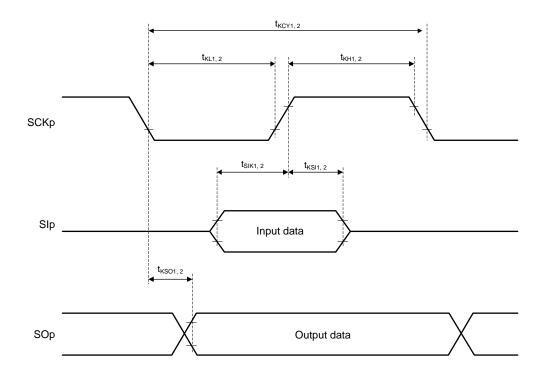


- Note 3. C is the load capacitance of the SOp output lines.
- Note 4. External loads on P60 and P61 in the case of the SOp output line: $R = 1 k\Omega$, C = 30 pF
- **Remark 1.** p: CSI number (p = 00, 11, 20), n: Channel number (n = 0, 1)
- Remark 2. f_{MCK}: Serial array unit operation clock frequency (Operation clock to be set by serial clock select register 0 (SPS0) and the CKS0n bit of serial mode register 0n (SMR0n). n: Channel number (n = 0, 1))

Simplified SPI (CSI) mode connection diagram



Simplified SPI (CSI) mode serial transfer timing (When DAP0n = 0 and CKP0n = 0, or DAP0n = 1 and CKP0n = 1)



Remark p: CSI number (p = 00, 11, 20), n: Channel number (n = 0, 1)

(4) Simplified I²C mode

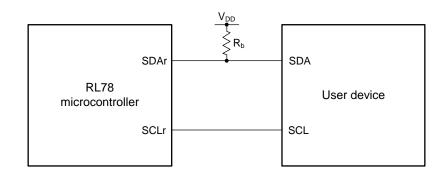
[T_A = -40 to +105°C: G products, T_A = -40 to +125°C: M products, 2.4 V \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5 V, V_{SS} = 0 V]

Item	Symbol	Condition	MIN.	MAX.	Unit
SCLr clock frequency	f _{SCL}	$2.7 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{DD} \le 5.5 \text{ V}$		400 ^{Note 1}	kHz
		$C_b = 100 \text{ pF}, R_b = 3 \text{ k}\Omega$			
		$2.4 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{DD} \le 5.5 \text{ V}$		100 ^{Note 1}	kHz
		$C_b = 100 \text{ pF}, R_b = 3 \text{ k}\Omega$			
Hold time when SCLr = "L"	t_{LOW}	$2.7 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{DD} \le 5.5 \text{ V}$	1200		ns
		$C_b = 100 \text{ pF}, R_b = 3 \text{ k}\Omega$			
		$2.4 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{DD} \le 5.5 \text{ V}$	4600		ns
		$C_b = 100 \text{ pF}, R_b = 3 \text{ k}\Omega$			
Hold time when SCLr = "H"	t _{HIGH}	$2.7 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{DD} \le 5.5 \text{ V}$	1200		ns
		$C_b = 100 \text{ pF}, R_b = 3 \text{ k}\Omega$			
		$2.4 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{DD} \le 5.5 \text{ V}$	4600		ns
		$C_b = 100 \text{ pF}, R_b = 3 \text{ k}\Omega$			
Data setup time (reception)	t _{SU:DAT}	$2.7 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{DD} \le 5.5 \text{ V}$	1/f _{MCK} + 220 ^{Note 2}		ns
		$C_b = 100 \text{ pF}, R_b = 3 \text{ k}\Omega$			
		$2.4 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{DD} \le 5.5 \text{ V}$	1/f _{MCK} + 580 ^{Note 2}		ns
		$C_b = 100 \text{ pF}, R_b = 3 \text{ k}\Omega$			
Data hold time (transmission)	t _{HD:DAT}	$2.7 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{DD} \le 5.5 \text{ V}$	0	770	ns
		$C_b = 100 \text{ pF}, R_b = 3 \text{ k}\Omega$			
		$2.4 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{DD} \le 5.5 \text{ V}$	0	1420	ns
		$C_b = 100 \text{ pF}, R_b = 3 \text{ k}\Omega$			

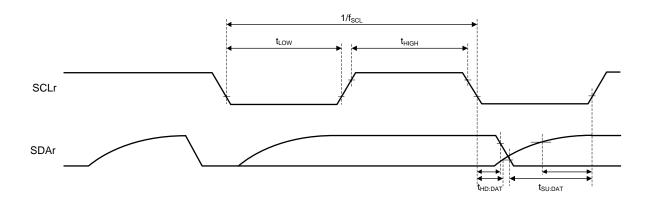
- Note 1. The value must also be no greater than $f_{MCK}/4$.
- Note 2. Set f_{MCK} so that it will not exceed the hold time when SCLr = "L" or SCLr = "H".

Caution Select the N-ch open drain output (V_{DD} tolerance) mode for the SDAr pin by using port output mode register 0, 1, 2, 4, or 6 (POM0, 1, 2, 4, or 6).

Simplified I²C mode connection diagram



Simplified I²C mode serial transfer timing



- **Remark 1.** $R_b[\Omega]$: Communication line (SDAr) pull-up resistance, $C_b[F]$: Communication line (SCLr, SDAr) load capacitance
- **Remark 2.** r: IIC number (r = 00, 11, 20)
- Remark 3. f_{MCK}: Serial array unit operation clock frequency (Operation clock to be set by serial clock select register 0 (SPS0) and the CKS0n bit of serial mode register 0n (SMR0n). n: Channel number (n = 0, 1))

3.5.2 Serial interface IICA

[T_A = -40 to +105°C: G products, T_A = -40 to +125°C: M products, 2.4 V \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5 V, V_{SS} = 0 V]

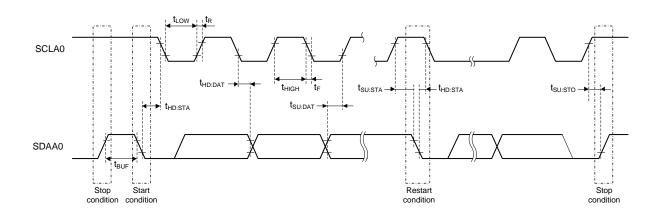
Item	Symbol	Condition	Standa	rd Mode	Fast	Mode	Unit
			MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	
SCLA0 clock frequency	f _{SCL}	Fast mode: f _{CLK} ≥ 3.5 MHz			0	400	kHz
		Standard mode: f _{CLK} ≥ 1 MHz	0	100			kHz
Setup time of restart condition	t _{SU:STA}		4.7		0.6		μs
Hold time ^{Note 1}	t _{HD:STA}		4.0		0.6		μs
Hold time when SCLA0 = "L"	t _{LOW}		4.7		1.3		μs
Hold time when SCLA0 = "H"	t _{HIGH}		4.0		0.6		μs
Data setup time (reception)	t _{SU:DAT}		250		100		ns
Data hold time (transmission) ^{Note 2}	t _{HD:DAT}		0	3.45	0	0.9	μs
Setup time of stop condition	t _{su:sto}		4.0		0.6		μs
Bus-free time	t _{BUF}		4.7		1.3		μs

- Note 1. The first clock pulse is generated after this period when the start or restart condition is detected.
- Note 2. The maximum value (MAX.) of thd:DAT applies to normal transfer and a wait is inserted at the ACK (acknowledge) timing.

Remark The maximum value of C_b (communication line capacitance) and the value of R_b (communication line pull-up resistance) at that time in each mode are as follows.

Standard mode: C_b = 400 pF, R_b = 2.7 k Ω Fast mode: C_b = 200 pF, R_b = 1.7 k Ω

IICA serial transfer timing



3.6 Analog Characteristics

3.6.1 A/D converter characteristics

Targets: ANI0 to ANI10, internal reference voltage, temperature sensor output voltage, and CTSU TSCAP voltage [$T_A = -40$ to $+105^{\circ}$ C: G products, $T_A = -40$ to $+125^{\circ}$ C: M products, 2.4 V \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5 V, V_{SS} = 0 V]

Item	Symbol	Conditio	n	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Resolution	RES			8		10	bit
Overall error ^{Note 1, Note 2,}	AINL	10-bit resolution	$V_{DD} = 5 \text{ V}$		±1.7	±3.1	LSB
Note 3			$V_{DD} = 3 V$		±2.3	±4.5	LSB
Conversion time	t _{CONV}	10-bit resolution	$2.7 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{DD} \le 5.5 \text{ V}$	4.25		17	μs
		Targets: ANI0 to ANI10	2.4 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V Note 5	5.75		23	μs
		10-bit resolution Target: Internal reference voltage ^{Note 6}	2.4 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V	5.75		23	μs
		Target: Temperature sensor output voltage ^{Note 6}					
		Target: CTSU TSCAP voltage ^{Note 6}					
Zero-scale error	E _{zs}	10-bit resolution	V _{DD} = 5 V			±0.19	%FSR
Note 1, Note 2, Note 3, Note 4			$V_{DD} = 3 V$			±0.39	%FSR
Full-scale error	E _{FS}	10-bit resolution	$V_{DD} = 5 \text{ V}$			±0.29	%FSR
Note 1, Note 2, Note 3, Note 4			V _{DD} = 3 V			±0.42	%FSR
Integral linearity error	ILE	10-bit resolution	$V_{DD} = 5 V$			±1.8	LSB
Note 1, Note 2, Note 3			V _{DD} = 3 V			±1.7	LSB
Differential linearity	DLE	10-bit resolution	$V_{DD} = 5 \text{ V}$			±1.4	LSB
error Note 1, Note 2, Note 3			$V_{DD} = 3 V$			±1.5	LSB
Analog input voltage	V_{AIN}	Targets: ANI0 to ANI10		0		V_{DD}	V
		Target: Internal reference volta	V _{REG} Note 7			V	
		Target: Temperature sensor o		٧			
		Target: CTSU TSCAP voltage	$(2.4 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{DD} \le 5.5 \text{ V})$		V_{TSCAP}		V

- Note 1. The TYP. value is an average value at $T_A = 25$ °C. The MAX. value is an average value $\pm 3\sigma$ at normal distribution.
- Note 2. These values are the results of characteristic evaluation and are not checked for shipment.
- Note 3. A quantization error (±1/2 LSB) is not included.
- Note 4. Expressed as a ratio (%FSR) relative to the full-scale value.
- Note 5. Be sure to set the LV0 bit in A/D converter mode register 0 (ADM0) to 0 when conversion is done in the operating voltage range of $2.4 \text{ V} \leq \text{V}_{DD} < 2.7 \text{ V}$.
- Note 6. Be sure to set the LV0 bit in A/D converter mode register 0 (ADM0) to 0 when the internal reference voltage, temperature sensor output voltage, or CTSU TSCAP voltage is selected as the target for conversion.
- Note 7. Refer to 3.6.3 Temperature sensor/internal reference voltage characteristics.



- Caution 1. Arrange wiring and insert the capacitor so that no noise appears on the power supply/ground line.
- Caution 2. Do not allow any pulses that rapidly change such as digital signals to be input/output to/from the pins adjacent to the conversion pin during A/D conversion.
- Caution 3. Note that the internal reference voltage cannot be used as the reference voltage of the comparator when the internal reference voltage is selected as the target for A/D conversion.

3.6.2 Comparator characteristics

[T_A = -40 to +105°C: G products, T_A = -40 to +125°C: M products, 2.4 V \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5 V, V_{SS} = 0 V]

Item	Symbol	Condition	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit	
Input voltage range	I _{VREF}	IVREFn pin input (CnVRF bit = 0)	0		V _{DD} - 1.4	V	
		Internal reference voltage (CnVR		V _{REG} Note 2		V	
	I _{VCMP}	IVCMPn pin input	-0.3		V _{DD} + 0.3	V	
Output delay	t _d	$V_{DD} = 3.0 \text{ V},$	High-speed mode			0.5	μs
		input slew rate > 50 mV/µs	Low-speed mode		2.0		μs
Operation stabilization wait time	t _{CMP}			100			μs

- Note 1. When the internal reference voltage is selected as the reference voltage of the comparator, the internal reference voltage cannot be used as the target for A/D conversion.
- Note 2. Refer to 3.6.3 Temperature sensor/internal reference voltage characteristics.

Remark n: Channel number (n = 0, 1)

3.6.3 Temperature sensor/internal reference voltage characteristics

[T_A = -40 to +105°C: G products, T_A = -40 to +125°C: M products, 2.4 V \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5 V, V_{SS} = 0 V]

Item	Symbol	Condition	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Temperature sensor output voltage	V_{TMPS25}			1.05		V
Internal reference voltage	V_{REG}		0.74	0.815	0.89	V
Temperature coefficient	F _{VTMPS}	Temperature dependence of the temperature sensor voltage		-3.6		mV/°C
Operation stabilization wait time	t _{AMP}	A/D converter is used (ADS register = 0DH)	5			μs

Caution The internal reference voltage cannot be simultaneously used by the A/D converter and the comparator; only one of them must be selected.

3.6.4 SPOR circuit characteristics

[T_A = -40 to +105°C: G products, T_A = -40 to +125°C: M products, V_{SS} = 0 V]

Ite	em	Symbol	Condition	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit				
Detection voltage	Power supply	V _{SPOR0}	Power supply rising	4.08	4.28	4.45	V				
	voltage level	V _{SPDR0}	Power supply falling	4.00	4.20	4.37	V				
		V _{SPOR1}	Power supply rising	2.76	2.90	3.02	V				
		V _{SPDR1}	Power supply falling	2.70	2.84	2.96	V				
							V _{SPOR2}	Power supply rising	2.44	2.57	2.68
		V _{SPDR2}	Power supply falling	2.40	2.52	2.62	V				
	V _{SPOR3}	Power supply rising		2.16		V					
	V _{SPDR3}	Power supply falling		2.11		V					
Minimum pulse wid	dth ^{Note 1}	T _{SPW}		300			μs				

Note 1. Time required for the reset operation by the SPOR circuit when V_{DD} falls below V_{SPDR} .

Caution Make sure to keep the internal reset state by the SPOR or an external reset until the power supply voltage (V_{DD}) reaches the operating voltage range shown in 3.4 AC Characteristics.

3.6.5 Power supply voltage rising slope characteristics

[T_A = -40 to +105°C: G products, T_A = -40 to +125°C: M products, V_{SS} = 0 V]

Item	Symbol	Condition	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Power supply voltage rising slope	S _{VDD}				54	V/ms

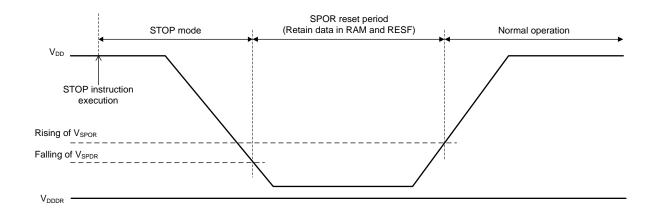
Caution Make sure to keep the internal reset state by the SPOR or an external reset until the power supply voltage (V_{DD}) reaches the operating voltage range shown in 3.4 AC Characteristics.

3.7 RAM Data Retention Characteristics

[T_A = -40 to +105°C: G products, T_A = -40 to +125°C: M products, V_{SS} = 0 V]

Item	Symbol	Condition	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Data retention power supply voltage	V_{DDDR}		1.9		5.5	٧

Caution Data in RAM is retained until the power supply voltage falls below the MIN. value of the data retention power supply voltage (V_{DDDR}). Note that data in the RESF register might not be cleared even if the power supply voltage falls below the MIN. value of the data retention power supply voltage (V_{DDDR}).



3.8 Flash Memory Programming Characteristics

[T_A = -40 to +105°C: G products, T_A = -40 to +125°C: M products, 2.4 V ≤ V_{DD} ≤ 5.5 V, V_{SS} = 0 V]

Item	Symbol	Condition		MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Number of code flash rewrites	C _{erwr}	Retained for 20 years	$T_A = +85^{\circ}C^{\text{Note 3}}$	1000			Times
Number of data flash rewrites		Retained for 1 year	T _A = +25°C		1,000,000		Times
Note 1, Note 2		Retained for 5 years	$T_A = +85^{\circ}C^{\text{Note 3}}$	100,000			Times
		Retained for 20 years	T _A = +85°C ^{Note 3}	10,000			Times

- Note 1. 1 erase + 1 write after the erase is regarded as 1 rewrite. The retaining years are until next rewrite after the rewrite.
- Note 2. These are the characteristics of the flash memory and the results obtained from reliability testing by Renesas Electronics.
- Note 3. This temperature is the average value at which data are retained.

Code flash/data flash self-programming time

[T_A = -40 to +105°C: G products, T_A = -40 to +125°C: M products, 2.4 V ≤ V_{DD} ≤ 5.5 V, V_{SS} = 0 V]

Item	Symbol	f _{CLK} = 1 MHz			f _{CLK} = 16 MHz			Unit
		MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	
Writing (4 bytes)	t _{P4}		104	905		53.8	504.9	μs
Block erasure (1 KB)	t _{E1K}		7.9	262.3		5.5	214.1	ms

Caution The listed values do not include the time until the operations of the flash memory start following execution of an instruction by software.

3.9 Dedicated Flash Memory Programmer Communication (UART)

[T_A = -40 to +105°C: G products, T_A = -40 to +125°C: M products, 2.4 V \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5 V, V_{SS} = 0 V]

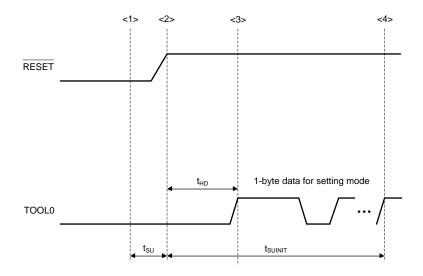
Item	Symbol	Condition	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Transfer rate				115,200		bps

Remark The transfer rate during flash memory programming is fixed to 115,200 bps.

3.10 Timing of Entry to Flash Memory Programming Mode

[T_A = -40 to +105°C: G products, T_A = -40 to +125°C: M products, 2.4 V ≤ V_{DD} ≤ 5.5 V, V_{SS} = 0 V]

Item	Symbol	Condition	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Time to complete the communication for the initial setting after the external reset is released	t _{suinit}	The SPOR reset must be released before the external reset is released.			100	ms
Time to release the external reset after the TOOL0 pin is set to the low level	t _{SU}	The SPOR reset must be released before the external reset is released.	10			μs
Time to hold the TOOL0 pin at the low level after the external reset is released	t _{HD}	The SPOR reset must be released before the external reset is released.	1			ms



- <1> The low level is input to the TOOL0 pin.
- <2> The external reset is released (the SPOR reset must have been released before that).
- <3> The TOOL0 pin is released from the low level.
- <4> Setting of entry to the flash memory programming mode by UART reception is completed.

Remark tsuin

tsuinit: During this period, the communications for the initial setting must be completed within 100 ms after release from the reset.

 $t_{\text{SU}}\!\!:$ Time to release the external reset after the TOOL0 pin is set to the low level

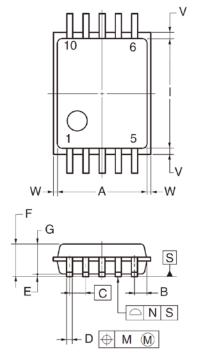
 t_{HD} : Time to hold the TOOL0 pin at the low level after the external reset is released

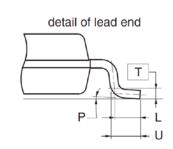
4. PACKAGE DRAWINGS

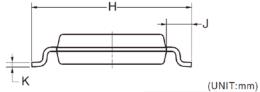
4.1 10-pin products

R5F1211CMSP, R5F1211CGSP, R5F1211CASP R5F1211AMSP, R5F1211AGSP, R5F1211AASP

JEITA Package Code	RENESAS Code	Previous Code	MASS (TYP.) [g]
P-LSSOP10-4.4x3.6-0.65	PLSP0010JA-A	P10MA-65-CAC-2	0.05







	(01411.111111)
ITEM	DIMENSIONS
Α	3.60±0.10
В	0.50
С	0.65 (T.P.)
D	0.24±0.08
Ε	0.10±0.05
F	1.45 MAX.
G	1.20±0.10
Н	6.40±0.20
- 1	4.40±0.10
J	1.00±0.20
K	$0.17^{+0.08}_{-0.07}$
L	0.50
М	0.13
N	0.10
Р	3° + 5° - 3°
Т	0.25 (T.P.)
U	0.60±0.15
V	0.25 MAX.

0.15 MAX.

W

NOTE

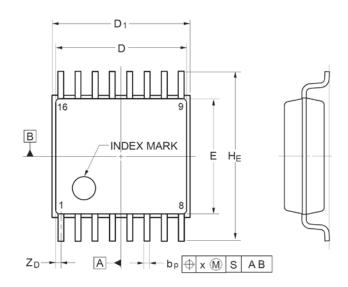
Each lead centerline is located within 0.13 mm of its true position (T.P.) at maximum material condition.

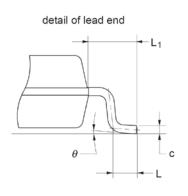
4.2 16-pin products

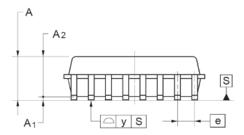
R5F1214CMSP, R5F1214CGSP, R5F1214CASP R5F1214AMSP, R5F1214AGSP, R5F1214AASP

JEITA Package Code	RENESAS Code	Previous Code	MASS (Typ) [g]
P-SSOP16-4.4x5-0.65	PRSP0016JC-B	P16MA-65-FAB-1	0.08

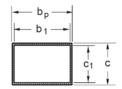
Unit: mm







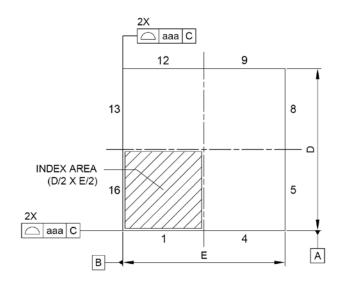
Terminal cross section

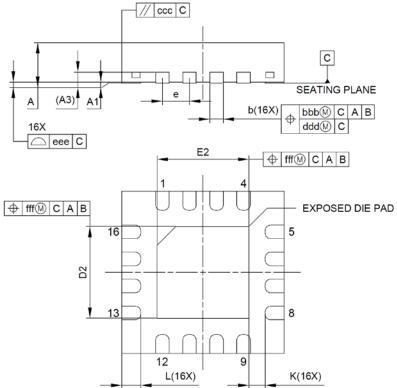


Reference	Dimensions in millimete		
Symbol	Min	Nom	Max
D	4.85	5.00	5.15
D ₁	5.05	5.20	5.35
E	4.20	4.40	4.60
A ₂	_	1.50	_
A ₁	0.075	0.125	0.175
Α	_	_	1.725
bp	0.17	0.24	0.32
b ₁	_	0.22	_
С	0.14	0.17	0.20
C ₁	_	0.15	_
θ	0°	_	8°
HE	6.20	6.40	6.60
е	_	0.65	_
x	_	_	0.13
у	_	_	0.10
Z _D	_	0.225	_
L	0.35	0.50	0.65
L ₁	_	1.00	

R5F1214CMNA, R5F1214CGNA, R5F1214CANA R5F1214AMNA, R5F1214AGNA, R5F1214AANA

JEITA Package code	RENESAS code	MASS(TYP.)[g]
P-HWQFN016-3x3-0.50	PWQN0016KD-A	0.02



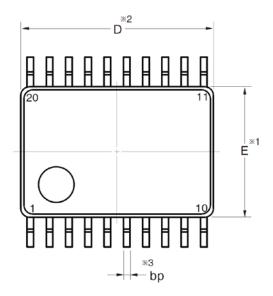


Reference	Dimension in Millimeters		
Symbol	Min.	Nom.	Max.
Α	_	_	0.80
A1	0.00	0.02	0.05
A3		0.203 REF	
b	0.20	0.20 0.25 0.30	
D	3.00 BSC		
E	3.00 BSC		
е	0.50 BSC		
L	0.30	0.35	0.40
K	0.20	_	_
D2	1.65	1.70	1.75
E2	1.65	1.70	1.75
aaa		0.15	
bbb	0.10		
ccc	0.10		
ddd		0.05	
eee	0.08		
fff		0.10	

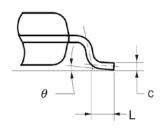
4.3 20-pin products

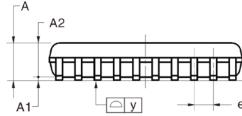
R5F1216CMSP, R5F1216CGSP, R5F1216CASP R5F1216AMSP, R5F1216AGSP, R5F1216AASP

JEITA Package Code	RENESAS Code	Previous Code	MASS (TYP.) [g]
P-LSSOP20-4.4x6.5-0.65	PLSP0020JB-A	P20MA-65-NAA-1	0.1



detail of lead end







(UNIT:mm)

	(01411.11111)
ITEM	DIMENSIONS
D	6.50±0.10
E	4.40±0.10
HE	6.40±0.20
Α	1.45 MAX.
Α1	0.10±0.10
A2	1.15
е	0.65±0.12
bp	$0.22^{+0.10}_{-0.05}$
С	$0.15 {}^{+ 0.05}_{- 0.02}$
L	0.50±0.20
У	0.10
θ	0° to 10°

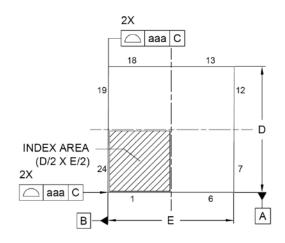
NOTE

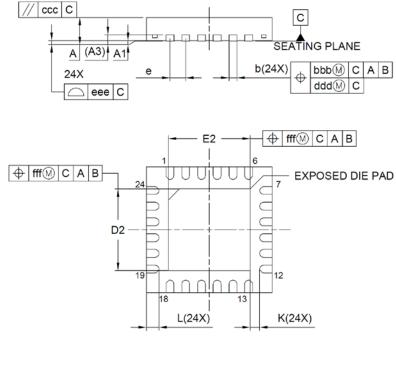
- 1.Dimensions "%1" and "%2" do not include mold flash.
- 2.Dimension "X3" does not include trim offset.

4.4 24-pin products

R5F1217CMNA, R5F1217CGNA, R5F1217CANA R5F1217AMNA, R5F1217AGNA, R5F1217AANA

JEITA Package code	RENESAS code	MASS(TYP.)[g]
P-HWQFN024-4x4-0.50	PWQN0024KF-A	0.04



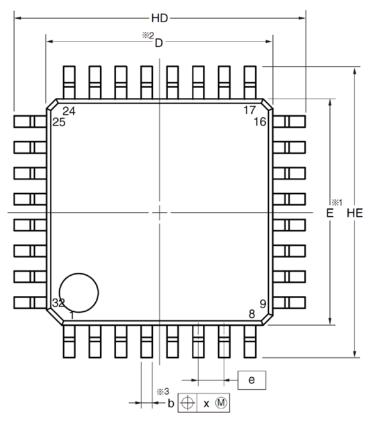


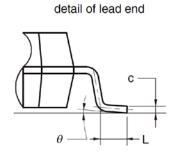
Reference	Dimen	Dimension in Millimeters		
Symbol	Min.	Nom.	Max.	
Α	_	_	0.80	
A1	0.00	0.02	0.05	
A3		0.203 REF		
b	0.18	0.25	0.30	
D		4.00 BSC		
E	4.00 BSC			
е	0.50 BSC			
L	0.35	0.40	0.45	
К	0.20	_	_	
D2	2.55	2.60	2.65	
E2	2.55	2.60	2.65	
aaa		0.15		
bbb	0.10			
ccc	0.10			
ddd	0.05			
eee	0.08			
fff		0.10		

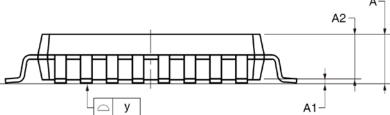
4.5 32-pin products

R5F121BCMFP, R5F121BCGFP, R5F121BCAFP R5F121BAMFP, R5F121BAGFP, R5F121BAAFP

JEITA Package Code	RENESAS Code	Previous Code	MASS (TYP.) [g]
P-LQFP32-7x7-0.80	PLQP0032GB-A	P32GA-80-GBT-1	0.2







(UNIT:mm)

	(
ITEM	DIMENSIONS
D	7.00±0.10
E	7.00±0.10
HD	9.00±0.20
HE	9.00±0.20
Α	1.70 MAX.
A1	0.10±0.10
A2	1.40
b	0.37±0.05
С	0.145±0.055
L	0.50±0.20
θ	0° to 8°
е	0.80
x	0.20
V	0.10

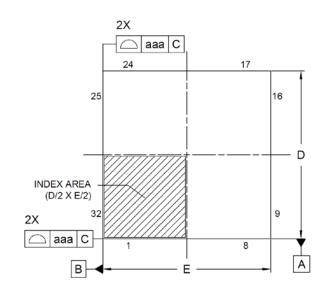
NOTE

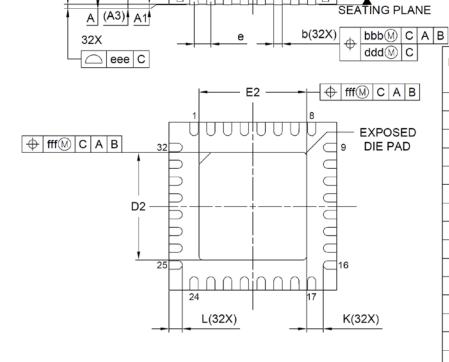
- 1.Dimensions "%1" and "%2" do not include mold flash.
- 2.Dimension "%3" does not include trim offset.

С

R5F121BCMNA, R5F121BCGNA, R5F121BCANA R5F121BAMNA, R5F121BAGNA, R5F121BAANA

JEITA Package code	RENESAS code	MASS(TYP.)[g]	
P-HWQFN032-5x5-0.50	PWQN0032KE-A	0.06	





Reference	Dimension in Millimeters			
Symbol	Min. Nom.		Max.	
А	_	_	0.80	
A ₁	0.00	0.00 0.02 0.		
A 3	0.203 REF.			
b	0.18	0.30		
D	5.00 BSC			
E	5.00 BSC			
е	0.50 BSC			
L	0.35	0.40	0.45	
К	0.20	_	_	
D ₂	3.15	3.20	3.25	
E ₂	3.15	3.20	3.25	
aaa	0.15			
bbb	0.10			
ccc	0.10			
ddd	0.05			
eee	0.08			
fff	0.10			

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RL78/G16 REVISION HISTORY

REVISION HISTORY	RL78/G16 Datasheet	
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			Description		
Re	v. Da	ate	Page	Summary	
1.0	0 Apr 28	3, 2023	_	First edition issued	

General Precautions in the Handling of Microprocessing Unit and Microcontroller Unit Products

The following usage notes are applicable to all Microprocessing unit and Microcontroller unit products from Renesas. For detailed usage notes on the products covered by this document, refer to the relevant sections of the document as well as any technical updates that have been issued for the products.

- 1. Precaution against Electrostatic Discharge (ESD)
 - A strong electrical field, when exposed to a CMOS device, can cause destruction of the gate oxide and ultimately degrade the device operation. Steps must be taken to stop the generation of static electricity as much as possible, and quickly dissipate it when it occurs. Environmental control must be adequate. When it is dry, a humidifier should be used. This is recommended to avoid using insulators that can easily build up static electricity. Semiconductor devices must be stored and transported in an anti-static container, static shielding bag or conductive material. All test and measurement tools including work benches and floors must be grounded. The operator must also be grounded using a wrist strap. Semiconductor devices must not be touched with bare hands. Similar precautions must be taken for printed circuit boards with mounted semiconductor devices.
- 2. Processing at power-on
 - The state of the product is undefined at the time when power is supplied. The states of internal circuits in the LSI are indeterminate and the states of register settings and pins are undefined at the time when power is supplied. In a finished product where the reset signal is applied to the external reset pin, the states of pins are not guaranteed from the time when power is supplied until the reset process is completed. In a similar way, the states of pins in a product that is reset by an on-chip power-on reset function are not guaranteed from the time when power is supplied until the power reaches the level at which resetting is specified.
- 3. Input of signal during power-off state
 - Do not input signals or an I/O pull-up power supply while the device is powered off. The current injection that results from input of such a signal or I/O pull-up power supply may cause malfunction and the abnormal current that passes in the device at this time may cause degradation of internal elements. Follow the guideline for input signal during power-off state as described in your product documentation.
- 4. Handling of unused pins
 - Handle unused pins in accordance with the directions given under handling of unused pins in the manual. The input pins of CMOS products are generally in the high-impedance state. In operation with an unused pin in the open-circuit state, extra electromagnetic noise is induced in the vicinity of the LSI, an associated shoot-through current flows internally, and malfunctions occur due to the false recognition of the pin state as an input signal become possible.
- 5. Clock signals
 - After applying a reset, only release the reset line after the operating clock signal becomes stable. When switching the clock signal during program execution, wait until the target clock signal is stabilized. When the clock signal is generated with an external resonator or from an external oscillator during a reset, ensure that the reset line is only released after full stabilization of the clock signal. Additionally, when switching to a clock signal produced with an external resonator or by an external oscillator while program execution is in progress, wait until the target clock signal is stable.
- 6. Voltage application waveform at input pin
 - Waveform distortion due to input noise or a reflected wave may cause malfunction. If the input of the CMOS device stays in the area between V_{IL} (Max.) and V_{IH} (Min.) due to noise, for example, the device may malfunction. Take care to prevent chattering noise from entering the device when the input level is fixed, and also in the transition period when the input level passes through the area between V_{IL} (Max.) and V_{IH} (Min.).
- 7. Prohibition of access to reserved addresses
 - Access to reserved addresses is prohibited. The reserved addresses are provided for possible future expansion of functions. Do not access these addresses as the correct operation of the LSI is not guaranteed.
- 8. Differences between products
 - Before changing from one product to another, for example to a product with a different part number, confirm that the change will not lead to problems. The characteristics of a microprocessing unit or microcontroller unit products in the same group but having a different part number might differ in terms of internal memory capacity, layout pattern, and other factors, which can affect the ranges of electrical characteristics, such as characteristic values, operating margins, immunity to noise, and amount of radiated noise. When changing to a product with a different part number, implement a system-evaluation test for the given product.

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(Rev.5.0-1 October 2020)

Corporate Headquarters

TOYOSU FORESIA, 3-2-24 Toyosu, Koto-ku, Tokyo 135-0061, Japan www.renesas.com

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